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# THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

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## CHOW CHUN'S ARMY ON WARPATH AGAIN; MARCH ON CHENGTU

### Troops Sent Against Them Mutiny, Many Joining Up with Rebels

### CHEN YI APATHETIC

### Doesn't Want to Fight; His Men Offering Battle, But Reliability Doubtful

*Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press*

Chengtu, June 16.—General Chow Chun, from Chungking, whose troops for some time have been lying at Tzechow, now, contrary to expectations is advancing towards Chengtu. The advance-guard has reached Kienchownan.

The troops sent against Chow Chun have mutinied. Some have scattered, others have joined Chow Chun; hence the latter is able to advance. Chen Yi's Northern troops are now going to oppose him, but it is expected they will only fight to secure good terms.

A general council met yesterday and telegraphed to people of all classes that they do not want Chow Chun. Though Chen Yi, for the sake of peace, does not wish to fight, yet the local forces will resist. They also telegraphed to President Li Yuan-hung, requesting that he should order Chow Chun to turn back.

Chen Yi is desirous of avoiding strife if possible and is ready to retire for the sake of the best interests of the people, although many deplore his leaving.

The foreign Consuls have communicated with Chen Yi and Chow Chun, pointing out the danger to foreign life and property in the event of fighting in the vicinity of Chengtu and hope both sides will come to an amicable arrangement, under the auspices of Peking, also that every effort will be made to prevent looting in the city.

**Tang Hua-lung in Peking**

Peking, June 19.—This afternoon, Li Yuan-hung received the foreign Ministers and their staffs at his own residence, which he is still occupying. The Allies were received at three o'clock, neutrals at four o'clock and the Austrians and Germans at five o'clock.

The prominent Southern leader, Tang Hua-lung, Minister of Education, arrived in Peking on Saturday last. He interviewed Li Yuan-hung, yesterday. The result of the visit is being watched with considerable interest.

Feng Kuo-chang has telegraphed the Government, suggesting that the revival of the provisional constitution of the first year of Minkuo should be definitely announced by a Presidential mandate, affirming the continued validity of the instrument and treating its supersession by the constitutional compact of 1914 as an interruption and not as a valid act.

Feng Kuo-chang also suggests that the members of the old Parliament should be convened for the purpose of passing a new election law, in order that a new National Assembly, with a smaller membership, may be convened as soon as possible.

The Peking Gazette says the telegram is subject to the most favorable comment and it is believed the present deadlock will be solved in the sense of Feng's suggestions.

**Seek More U.S. Loans**

*Ostasiatische Lloyd*

Peking, June 19.—From a presidential mandate it is evident that the new Russian Minister, Prince Kudachev, has handed his credentials to President Li Yuan-hung.

According to the Peking Daily News, the Peking Government has again approached the Boston firm of Lee, Higginson & Co. about the payment of further advances against the sale of Chinese Government Treasury Bonds.

The offices established formerly by President Yuan Shih-k'ai for finan-

(Continued on Page 2)

## 'I don't Know' Is All Chapei Police Officers Will Say In Regard to Shooting Mystery

### Made No Inquiries; Aver Constable Accused of Outrage Didn't Fire Single Shot; More Evidence Sought

Disappointment filled the air at the Mixed Court, yesterday. A definite promise had been made to have two of the superior Chapei police officers present and everyone thought that they, at least, would be able to say something to clear up, if only in part, the mystery of the North Szechuen Road shooting affair.

They were in court all right enough, but every question that bore in any way upon the happenings down Hongkew way was monotonously answered: "I don't know. How could I know? I was not there."

The Assessor finally down threw his pen and said the whole business was disgraceful. The Chinese authorities had not done the least possible thing to help the Court. Apparently, he said, nobody made any report and nobody asked for one and all the Court could obtain was this formula: "I don't know." That, too, from two superior officers of the Chapei police, despite the fact that there had been overwhelming evidence that Chapei policemen were firing and had killed and wounded many foreigners.

Eventually, the Court adjourned indefinitely. Mr. G. D. Musso, representing the Chinese Government, promised to see if it was possible to find out exactly what officers were on duty along the Settlement border on the night of the shooting and to bring them into court.

**Chapei Inspector's Evidence**

The first witness was Shih Changhsun, chief inspector at Chapei police sub-station No. 5. He said that a report of the shooting was made to him and he sent a sub-inspector and a sergeant down to investigate. They returned an hour later, carrying the wounded policeman who has since died.

This man said that he was inside Helen Terrace and heard the report of guns. He went down to the entrance to see what was the matter and saw crowds of people running about. Then shots came from out of the crowd and he fell, wounded. The shots continued after that, but he crawled away.

He said it was dark, the crowd was big and he could not see who fired. When asked why he did not reply to the shots, he said that he was shot as soon as he came out of the terrace. (This is the officer who, according to the evidence previously taken from several people, started the shooting.)

The inspector said that they could not get more information from this man. His rifle was examined and found not to have been fired, whilst none of the 25 rounds of ammunition served out to him was missing. Witness produced the rifle and filled cartridge pouches, sealed up, he said, as soon as they were brought to the station.

**Saw Captain-Superintendent**

Witness continued that a foreign detective subsequently came to the station and they exchanged notes—which was that neither knew anything! After a while, Captain-Superintendent McEuen also came around and again there was an exchange of notes, witness still knowing nothing and Mr. McEuen saying that he had heard one of the Chapei men "had hit someone."

One of witness' officers picked up near Helen Terrace an empty revolver cartridge case and a shattered leaden bullet was found in a pole nearby.

Cross-examined by Mr. K. E. Newman, for the police, witness said that he long ago gave orders to his men to keep a sharp lookout for rebels and he had given no special instructions on the night of the shooting, neither had he warned them of the likelihood of a disturbance that night.

The cartridges used by the Chapei police were of the Mauser type, manufactured at the Arsenal. Shown the exhibits previously produced in court, witness said they were like the ones they used, but such cartridges were on the market in large quantities.

Mr. Newman: We have had evidence from upwards of twenty persons who saw this policeman shoot at people. Have you got any answer to that?

**"I Don't Know"**

Witness: I did not see it. I do not know.

Mr. Newman: No. But what have you got to say?

Witness: I don't know. When he was brought back, his gun had not been fired and his cartridges were complete.

Mr. Newman: A lady has also said that she stood by three Chapei policemen who were firing down the road. What do you say to that?

Witness: I do not know anything about it. I did not see it.

The same answer was repeated again and again, varied at last with:

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## Boelke, German Air Terror, Brought Down

### *Ribiere, at Verdun, Defeats Man Whose Record Was Approaching Immelmann's*

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 17.—The famous German air-man Lieutenant Boelke has been brought down at Verdun by the Frenchman Ribiere.

## 340,000 CANADIAN FIGHTERS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Ottawa, June 17.—The Canadians in over-seas service now total 340,000.

## Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. June 21
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakuai M. June 23
Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza..... June 23
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru July 1
Per C.M. s.s. China..... July 2
Per R.M. s.s. Monteagle.. July 4
Per R.M. s.s. E. of Russia July 14
For Europe, via Suez:—
Per M.M. s.s. Magellan June 21
Per P. and O. s.s. Nyanza June 26
Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail left Seattle, Wash., on May 30, and is due here on or about June 21, per N.Y.K. s.s. Awa Maru.

The English mail per P. and O. s.s. Nellore was to leave Singapore on June 17.

The French mail of May 28 is due at Hongkong on June 29, and here on July 3. Left Colombo on June 16, per M.M. s.s. Atlantique.

The Atlantique also brings the French mails of May 20, ex M.M. s.s. Paul Lecat.

## Select Lloyd George To Succeed Kitchener

### *Intend New Minister of Munitions To Be More In Touch With War Office*

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 17.—The Morning Post says that it has been decided that Mr. Lloyd George, the Minister of Munitions, shall succeed Lord Kitchener as Secretary of State for War. A new Minister of Munitions will be appointed, who will be more closely associated with the Secretary of State for War.

Mr. Asquith arrived in London, on Friday and presided at a meeting of the War Council, at which Mr. Lloyd George was present.

## Asquith Will Suggest Kitchener Monument

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 17.—On the 21st, Mr. Asquith will move in the House of Commons that a monument be erected to Lord Kitchener.

## Music for Today

The following program will, weather permitting, be played by the Band in the Hongkew Recreation Ground this afternoon beginning at 5.30 o'clock:—

1.—March, "Soldiers in the Park" Monckton
2.—Overture, "La Dame Blanche" Boieldieu
3.—Waltz. "Parisienne" .....Ganne
4.—Selection, "Carmen" ..... Bizet
5.—Bolero, "Io son la Rosa" Mariani
6.—Selection, "Faust" ..... Gounod

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-charge.

## Carranza Leader Threatens American Troops In Mexico

The Mexican situation is growing more complicated, as yesterday's cable shows. This picture shows Troop E., 12th U.S. Cavalry, at noonday "chow."

A Reuter cablegram from Washington, dated June 18, stated: The Commander-in-Chief of the forces operating on the Mexican border announces that the Carranzista leader at Chihuahua has threatened that any further movement of American troops will be the signal for an attack by the Mexicans.

## SALONICA COMPLETELY CONTROLLED BY ALLIES

### All Greek Troops Withdrawn; Further Restrictions Imposed on Sea Trade

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Salonica, June 16.—The Allies are now in complete control of the Salonica district. The Greek troops hitherto occupying the forts on the outskirts have been transferred to Volo.

Athens, June 16.—The restrictions placed by the Entente on the Greek high-seas trade are increasing. The opinion is expressed that they are a prelude to categorical demands, which will include a general demobilisation of the Greek army.

## NATHAN REJOINS ARMY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 18.—Lieut.-Colonel Sir Matthew Nathan has returned to the army.

## CANADA MANUFACTURERS FAVOR IMPERIAL TARIFF

### Resolution Also Calls for Closer Commercial Union Between Allies

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 17.—The Canadian Manufacturers Association has passed a resolution in favor of closer commercial union between the Allies and also an inter-imperial preferential tariff.

## BISHOP MOUNSEY RESIGNS

*Reuter's Service.*

London, June 18.—The Rt. Rev. William Robert Mounsey, Bishop of Labuan and Sarawak, has resigned on account of his health.

## SINGAPORE'S REVENUES TO ASSIST THE EMPIRE

### Council Decides to Contribute £200,000 For Period Of Five Years

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Singapore, June 17.—The Legislative Council has unanimously resolved to contribute to the Imperial revenue £200,000 for a period of five years, if the resources of the Colony permit. The taxes on tobacco and liquor will be increased to meet this expenditure. The unofficial members of the Council urged the imposition of an income tax also.

## ANTARCTIC RELIEF

*Reuter's Service.*

Monte Video, June 17.—The steamer Instituto Pesca leaves the Falklands, today, with Sir Ernest Shackleton on board, to proceed to Elephant Island, to rescue his party.

## *Hughes and President Are to Have Straight Fight on Americanism*

### *Roosevelt Consents to Joint Republican-Progressive Support for Judge*

*Reuter's Service.*

New York, June 16.—After conferring with Colonel Roosevelt and Republican intimates of Justice Hughes, Mr. George W. Perkins, the leader of the Progressive party, has intimated that the Progressive and Republican parties are drawing together to support Justice Hughes. This follows a conference between Wilson and Hughes.

The latter, up to the present, has given no indication of anti-German sentiment, contenting himself with proclaiming his undiluted Americanism, but a more definite statement of his views is expected, as the issue of the Presidential election will probably be Americanism versus "hyphenism."

St. Louis, June 16.—The Democratic Convention has adopted the party platform. The most interesting plank is that aimed at Teutonic conspirators, which it is believed President Wilson dictated.

It denounces as destructive to national unity every organisation whose object is to advance the interests of a foreign Power by intimidating the Government or a political party, or by dividing the people into antagonistic groups and condemns any political party which modifies its policy at the behest of such conspirators.

The platform supports the Administration Shipping Bill and the increase of the army and navy for defensive purposes and says that it is the duty of the United States to join with other nations and states to secure the freedom and maintain inviolate the highway of the seas.

It re-affirms the Monroe doctrine and appeals to the record of the present administration, which has maintained the honor and dignity of the United States and retained the respect and friendship of all nations.

## *Investigate Britain's High Cost of Living*

### *Committee Charged to Recommend Measures to Ameliorate Situation*

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 16.—The Board of Trade has appointed a committee, presided over by Mr. J. M. Robertson, Liberal M. P. for Tyneside, to investigate the increase in the cost of living and to recommend steps to ameliorate the situation.

## BRITISH DESTROYER SUNK

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 17.—Official.—The destroyer Eden ("E" class; 1903-08; 530-650 tons; 25 knots) sank in the Channel, last night, as the result of a collision. Thirty-one of the crew were saved. Three officers are missing.

## CONSTABLE MURDERED WHILE SETTLING DEBT

### Chinese Officer Set Upon By Loafers and Practically Cut to Pieces

Chinese constable No. 1218 was murdered yesterday afternoon during a fight that resulted over a small debt. The man was off duty at the time and was wearing plain clothes.

A friend of the officer had a debt against a shopkeeper. The amount due was only a few dollars. The two friends started out at about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon to make the collection. They went to the home of the debtor in Ward Road. There were several loafers about the place when the two entered to collect the money.

A quarrel soon rose over the obligation and the loafers set on the policeman and his friend with knives. The officer was almost cut to pieces. He was sent to St. Luke's hospital where he died at 5.30 p.m. The other man was also badly cut. The murderers have not been arrested.

## GEN. Von MOLTKE DIES AT GOLTZ' MEMORIAL

### Former Chief of Kaiser's Grand Staff Collapses While Honoring Deceased Colleague

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, June 18.—General von Moltke, formerly Chief of the German Grand General Staff, died this afternoon, while representing the General Staff at the memorial service in the Reichstag in honor of Marshal von der Goltz.

## MESOPOTAMIA CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 16.—A British communique reports that the situation in Mesopotamia is unchanged.

## ITALY'S NEW CABINET IS NEARLY COMPLETED

### Increased to Twenty Members; Includes Strong Party Favoring War Policy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, June 17.—Signor Boselli has practically completed his Cabinet. It numbers twenty members, instead of twelve.

The retention of the Foreign, War and Marine Ministers of the previous Cabinet and the inclusion of the Socialist Signor Bissolati, the leader of the Interventionist party, who fought for war, proves that the new Cabinet will prosecute the war very vigorously.

## The Weather

Overcast weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 88.2 and the minimum 68.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 89.0 and 68.4.

## RUSSIANS OCCUPY CZERNOWITZ AND ALSO RADZIVILOFR

### Former Is Almost Destroyed; Was Death-Trap For Austrians

### RETREAT TO HILLS

### Garrison Making for Carpathians, with Victors In Hot Pursuit

### LEMBERG DEFENCE

### Germans Send Re-inforcements to Stay Advance Of Tsar's Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, June 18.—An official Austrian communique reports: Yesterday, the garrison of Czernowitz bridge-head was compelled to be withdrawn before the concentrated artillery fire of the superior enemy. At night, the enemy forced the passage of the Pruth at several points and entered Czernowitz, which our troops evacuated.

Petrograd, June 18.—After desperate fighting, the Russians have occupied Czernowitz. They have also occupied Radziviloff, on the Galician frontier, thirty miles southwest of Dubno.

Czernowitz became the arena of great Austrian bloodshed. The town has been almost destroyed.

**Russian Progress Continues**

An official communique issued today reported: Despite the enemy's resistance and repeated counter-attacks, General Brussiloff's forces continue to progress in various directions. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, General Letchitsky's troops stormed Czernowitz bridge-head, on the left bank of the Pruth and occupied Czernowitz, after desperate fighting, the fords and bridges having been destroyed.

In the fighting for the bridge-head, we took over 1,000 prisoners. We captured the guns of the town. We are pursuing the enemy, who are retreating towards the Carpathians.

General Kaledine repulsed desperate counter-attacks in the regions of the Styr and Stokhod, the enemy including German troops brought from the French front. Over 2,000 Austrian and German prisoners have been brought in.

Since June 5, General Kaledine has captured 71,000 prisoners, 83 guns and 236 machine-guns.

On the Dvina front, there was violent artillery firing.

**German Re-inforcements**

North of Lemberg, the enemy are falling back on the strongly defended Vladimir-Volynsk-Sokal line, whither the Germans are sending re-inforcements with every speed. The Russians are now advancing from the north-east, in the direction of Lemberg, along both sides of the Dubno-Lemberg railway.

The Russians performed a brilliant feat in storming over three miles of formidable enemy positions along the flooded Pliashevka, which were flanked by a series of ten lakes and supported by a fire from the heights. This operation, in conjunction with the capture of Rostok Forest, decides the fate of the whole Kremenetz region.

The enemy have no option to escape General Sakharoff's claws but a hasty retreat westwards, towards Brody, leaving another section of the Lemberg railway in Russian hands.

The latest reports received from Lutsk show that the evacuation developed into a panic-stricken flight. A Russian armored car detachment dashed through the enemy's fire and reached the heart of the town, adding to the confusion and enabling the Russians to occupy the trenches of the town, with very small losses.

**Furious Counter-Attacks**

The communique yesterday evening reported: In order to arrest our advance to Lemberg, the enemy, reinforced by troops drawn from the other fronts, made furious counter-attacks on General Brussiloff's

troops, at many points, but were repulsed and pursued.

West of Kolki, on the Styr, the enemy, yesterday evening, under our violent bombardment, attacked near Gadomitche, but were repulsed and the Russian troops, pursuing, broke through the enemy's position on the north bank of the Styr, taking 815 prisoners. In the course of a hot engagement with Germans, north-west of Rajistche (Rozishchy), on the River Stokhod, our Siberian troops, by a brilliant attack, captured the village of Svidniki, taking 804 German prisoners.

The White Russian Hussars, supported by horse artillery fire, charged through three enemy lines and also sabred two companies of Austrian troops. Our cavalry yesterday occupied Radziviloff, after ejecting the enemy, who they continued to drive towards Brody.

The commander of an army corps who watched the fighting in the Strypa region says that the enemy were fleeing from the whole battlefield. Germans and Austrians, intermingled, were thrown into the utmost confusion by our artillery salvoes and fell in hundreds.

**Russians' Irresistible Dash**

Our batteries, at full gallop, occupied positions in the open, whence they shelled the fugitives at point blank range. The dash of the Russians was irresistible.

The fighting was fiercest at Galvoronka, on the Strypa, where the enemy are furiously attacking the Sniatyn Railway. A column of the enemy has been thrown back across the Tcherniava River.

A semi-official review of the situation says that the absence from communiques of the names of places does not mean that General Brussiloff's advance is retarded. On the contrary, his progress is uninterrupted and the broad corridor resulting from the Russian break through the Austrian front in the direction of Lutsk continues to widen and is assuming the character of an enveloping movement of the enemy's flanks, but the Russian advance cannot continue indefinitely at its present speed, for the element of surprise no longer exists, while prisoners and wounded must be evacuated and supplies brought up.

The review emphasises that the aim of the Russians is the destruction of enemy armies, not the recapture of towns. It adds that the operations at Baranovitchi were merely a reconnaissance in force, madé with the object of obtaining information concerning the enemy's strength and that the German attacks in the Lake Narotsch and Dvina districts were essentially local.

**An Heroic Effort**

By an heroic effort, General Stockerbatcheff's army, on Thursday, overthrew the Austrians in the Galvoronka-Gniloitody region. Fighting north-west of Buczacz with the Austrians, Germans supporting them, still continues. Up to the present we have captured 6,000 there.

Altogether, on Thursday, we captured, roughly, 14,000 prisoners and quantities of materal.

The violence of our artillery fire stopped the Germans' attempts to take the offensive on several sectors in the Dvinsk region. They were everywhere repulsed.

Details of Russian captures are given in a communique: 1,700 prisoners were taken during a powerful but fruitless counter-attack made by the Austrians north of Rojistche.

5,070 prisoners, with numerous guns, thousands of rifles and enormous reserves of barbed wire, were captured by a new Russian regiment, after an heroic assault, which dislodged the enemy from their fortified positions on the River Phrichevka, between Kozine and Kremenez. The Russians, after a fierce fight, forded the river, which was up to their chins.

**Drowned During Assault**

A whole company were drowned, but their comrades pressed on and stormed the positions, capturing the aforesaid prisoners. Owing to the enemy's disorderly flight, the Russian cavalry is again proving very effective in pursuing the enemy west and south-west of Lutzk.

The Russians are rapidly extending the region on which the enemy's front has been pierced along the Strypa, where numerous strategic points have been occupied. The Austrians are outflanked north-west of Buczacz.

The successful Russian offensive has resulted in the Germans evacuating the major part of the Pinsk region and in an intense fortifying of the left bank of the Pripiat.

According to information in our hands, the Germans are sending reinforcements to Galicia of two corps and also two Bulgarian divisions.

In the Caucasus, the Turks made repeated attempts to take the offensive in the coast region and were repulsed. On the Bagdad front, the Turks took the offensive and occupied Serpul, but were afterwards ousted and repulsed to their former positions.

**Terrible Scenes in Czernowitz**

London, June 18.—The Berliner Tageblatt, in a graphic description of the scenes at Czernowitz, as viewed from the enemy side, says that the struggle for possession of the town began on Whit Sunday. It was preceded by a curt police proclamation: "The population is warned that the town will be bombarded today."

A heartrending exodus began, endless streams of Christians, Jews, Germans, Rumanians, Poles and Ruthenians passing through the streets, but the shells were already shrieking overhead. The same scenes were witnessed on Monday, with the addition of the smoke and glare of the fires caused by the shells.

"The Town Council issued, every hour, encouraging reports, but, by Monday night, the intensity of the bombardment made us shudder. On Tuesday, the fighting was very desperate, although there was a lull in the afternoon, but on Wednesday the bombardment was hellish. It was as if a thousand volcanoes were vomiting fire on the town.

"The enemy's storming columns are now assailing our trenches, which are being defended most heroically."

**Triumph of Japanese Guns**

A London telegram to the Eastern News Agency (Japanese) reports that one of the main causes for the great victory of the Russian forces is the effect of the Japanese guns and powder, the explosive power of which is very great.

## GERMAN NAVY LOSSES

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Copenhagen, June 18.—A Danish smack has brought in the body of an officer of the new German cruiser Frankfurt, which, according to the Kiel Times, was badly damaged in the battle off Jutland.

## 'Soup,' the Universal Language, Well Understood by Russians

This interesting picture shows French soldiers carrying soup to the tired Russians in their camp. Scenes of wildest enthusiasm took place at Marseilles when the Russians disembarked after their long journey. Cigarettes, flowers and all sorts of edibles were pressed on the soldiers of the Tsar by the French populace.

## 'I don't Know' All Chapei Police Say

**(Continued from Page 1)**

"So long as this man's cartridges were complete, I am satisfied.

The Assessor: There is only his word for that. It is not sufficient. Did you call for any report?

Witness: Only the one the man gave who brought the wounded man back.

Has any report been made to the chief of police?

Witness: Yes, by us.

What was it?

Witness: That I was not there and knew nothing about it. I reported the true state of affairs.

Even the Assessor, baffled by such a witness, could not help joining in the laugh that went round and remarked: "Is he going to clear the reputation of the Chapei police like that?"

He continued: Judging by the attitude of this superior officer, he is the last man to know anything about it. This is not the evidence I expected. Not the slightest assistance has been given by the Chinese .

**His Subordinate's Story**

They then had a try with the Sub-Inspector and secured a story scarcely varying by a word from the other, drawing from the Assessor the remark: "Not a thread of light has been thrown on this case by the Chinese. Their attitude is most unsatisfactory. They simply repeat this formula: 'I was not there.'"

Witness: All I say are facts.

Again, even the Assessor could not resist the laugh, but the ridiculous part of it all was capped when the witness solemnly averred: "Of course, I have heard some foreigners were shot, but I did not try to find out about it, because I do not speak the dialect here!"

Mr. Newman said his impression was that the Chinese did not intend to explain, but the Assessor said he was sure they could if they would and again the inquiry was adjourned, for Mr. Musso to exercise his good offices.

## Chow Chun's Army On Warpath Again

**(Continued from Page 1)**

cial, political and diplomatic affairs, have been dissolved. Li Yuan-hung intends, for the time being, to retain the office for special military affairs and to entrust General Sun Wu with it.

President Li Yuan-hung will remove into the Presidential Palace next month.

The headquarters of the members of the old Parliament now residing in Peking have been established in the Hsia-hsie-chieh, south-east city, outside the Shun-chi-men.

Premier Tuan Chi-jui, in a telegram, has asked the provincial authorities to prevent further political meetings for discussing national affairs, in order to avoid suspicion.

The Quintuple Group has notified the Peking Government that the remittance of 3.4 million dollars out of the surplus of the salt revenues, which was to be paid over on Saturday last, will be withheld, because the French Minister is still without instructions from his Government.

**Chang Ching-yao Against Li**

Chang Ching-yao, Commander-in-Chief of the Northern troops, who was ordered to Szechuen at the time of trouble between the Peking government and the South, has sent a circular telegram to the provinces opposing Li Yuan-hung as President of China. He stated in his telegram that Premier Tuan Chi-jui is the best man to succeed ex-President Yuan. Chang Ching-yao's telegram has angered both the South and the North.

**Tsai Ao's Position**

General Tsai Ao has informed President Li that unless the Constitution of the 1st Year of Min-Kuo is revived, he will not go to Peking.

**Japan as Mediator**

The Eastern News Agency (Japanese) carries the following Tokio despatch: The Japanese government is now taking up good offices to effect a compromise between the Southerners and the Northerners in China, unofficially.

The Shunpao says that the monarchists to be punished will be limited to 13 persons, as required by the South and they will be deprived of all public rights as citizens. If anyone is found guilty of having spent Government funds, he will be punished in accordance with the law.

## MIKADO'S CABLE TO TSAR

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Petrograd, June 18.—The Emperor of Russia has received a telegram from the Emperor of Japan, congratulating him on the glorious Russian victory in Galicia.

## *Austrians Dislodged From Monte Lemerle*

### *Gain Brief Success at Heavy Cost; Italian Alpinists Carry Positions*

**(Reuter's Agency War Service)**

Rome, June 18.—The official communique issued yesterday reported a continued Italian counter-offensive and fierce engagements on Sette Communi Plateau, everywhere favorable to the Italians. Enemy infantry, after repeated and costly efforts, succeeded in reaching the summit of Monte Lemerle, but they were immediately dislodged by the Italians, who, in the face of a stubborn resistance, entrenched.

The enemy, supported by numerous batteries, progressed at the head of Frenzela Valley. Our Alpinists carried two positions, inflicting heavy losses on the enemy and capturing 200 prisoners, 6 guns and 4 machine-guns, together with much material.

The Italian air-squadrons were busy. They dropped 160 bombs and 60,000 arrows on the enemy's encampments north of Asiago.

The communique today reported: South-west of Asiago, the enemy renewed their violent efforts to break our line, but were always repulsed, with very heavy losses. Between the River Frenzela and the River Marcesina, our infantry continues to advance, though impeded by an intense artillery fire and the wooded country.

In the fight on the 16th, we took 306 prisoners and twelve machine-guns, in addition to those already reported.

There has been no withdrawal of the enemy's forces from the Italian front and, as our counter-offensive develops, it will be ever more difficult.


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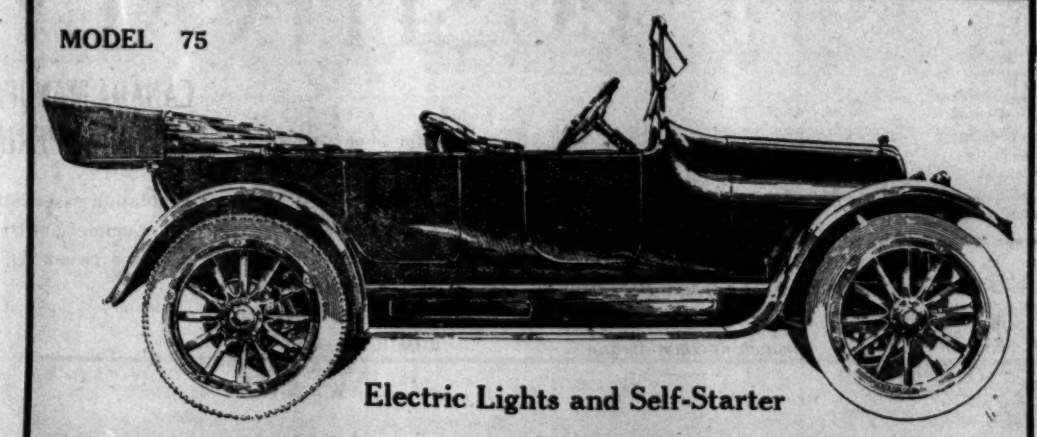

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# CANNOT SHIFT FRENCH FROM CAPTURED WORKS ON THE MORT HOMME

### Germans Make Several Efforts All of Which Termina.e in Complete Failure

(Reuter's Agency War Servi e)

Paris, June 18.—The official communique issued on Friday evening reported: There was intermittent artillery activity on both banks of the Meuse, but no infantry action.

It is confirmed that our attack, yesterday, on the southern slopes of Mort Homme, captured trenches on a front of one kilometer. All the attempts made by the enemy to eject us have failed completely. We took 206 prisoners. Nothing important occurred on the rest of our front.

The communique yesterday afternoon reported: There was no infantry action on either side of the Meuse, but an intense bombardment of our positions at Mort Homme and violent artillery duels north of Fleury and at Lombaertzyde.

The communique in the evening reported: On the left of the Meuse, the bombardment of our first lines at Hill 304 and our second lines in the region of Chattancourt continued. We attacked the German positions north of Hill 321, on the right of the Meuse, this morning, captured some elements of trenches and took some prisoners.

After we had violently bombarded the German positions at Hill 425, east of Thann, a detachment of our troops penetrated to the second German line and returned without loss, bringing some prisoners.

Enemy aeroplanes bombed Dunkirk, Bar-le-Duc and Pont-a-Musson. Four civilians were killed and 15 wounded at Bar-le-Duc. A French air-squadron bombed the railway-stations at Zonge yon, Montmedy and Audun-le-Roman.

The communique this afternoon reported: After a very violent bombardment, the Germans made several attacks on our new Mort Homme position, but, despite their use of liquid-fire, they were repulsed, with serious losses and we entirely maintained our previous gains.

A series of enemy attacks north of Thiaumont failed, with bloody loss to the enemy. A grenade-attack on the approaches to Hill 320 was repulsed.

The communique in the evening stated: The artillery duel on the northern Verdun front assumed a certain intensity in the region of Hill 304 and the sector north of the village of Thiaumont. There was no infantry attack.

The front was quiet elsewhere except in the Argonnes, where active mining continued.

We brought down five enemy aeroplanes at Verdun and two Fokkers east of Bezaugre, one of which was on fire. One of our machines was compelled to alight.

A French air-squadron bombed the enemy's depots at Semide and the railway-station and factories at Thionville, causing two explosions, and the aviation establishments at Etain and Tergniere. Enemy aeroplanes bombed Pont-a-Musson, Nancy and Baccarat, doing insignificant damage.

London, June 18.—General Sir Douglas Haig reported on Friday: Last night, we successfully exploded mines in the neighborhood of Souchez the Quarries, and Cuinchy. The enemy exploded a mine near Givenchy, without doing any damage.

The enemy's artillery was rather more active than usual north of La Bassee canal and on the Loos salient. Our trenches east of Zillebeke were heavily shelled for a short period during the afternoon.

General Haig reported today: There was considerable activity, last night, on various parts of the front. A vigorous enemy bombardment, between the River Bouve and Wieltje, at midnight, was accompanied by two ineffective discharges of gas, west of Messines and Wytschaete Ridge, but there was no infantry attack.

## COMMERCIAL EXPOSITION

At a regular meeting held on Saturday by the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce at its new building, it was decided that an exhibition of commercial products shall be held at Shanghai so as to encourage commercial and industrial expansion. A committee was elected to estimate the cost and expenses in carrying out this scheme.

It is understood that the monthly expenses of this exhibition will be about $3,000, and as it is desired to continue it for one year, the total will be large. The exhibition will be given in the old building of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce. The date for opening has not been fixed.

# CHI CHUEN LAUNCHED FOR UPPER YANGTSZE

### Sister Ship of the Chu Chuen Takes the Water Before Large Crowd

The launching of the Chi Chuen took place on Sunday afternoon at the Sing Fah Yuen Shipbuilding Works on Arsenal Road. A large number of Chinese and several foreigners were present. Miss Loh Sui-san, a relative of one of the shareholders of the ship building company, broke a bottle of champagne over the Chi Chuen's bow, and amidst the cheering of the dock hands and the vast crowd of spectators, the vessel slowly moved down the ways and took the water gracefully.

Immediately after the Chi Chuen was launched, her sister ship, the s.s. Chu Chuen, launched on March 21, steamed across the river for a short trial.

Both vessels are for the Szechuen Railway and Steam Navigation Co., for service on the upper Yangtsze between Ichang and Chungking. The work of constructing the two steamers was in the hands of Messrs. Parker, Reilly and Co., consulting engineers and surveyors.

The full particulars of the steamers are as follows:—Length over all 165 ft., breadth moulded 26ft., depth 8ft., draft 5ft., estimated speed 14 knots per hour. Each steamer has two sets of triple expansion engines, the estimated horse power of each being 380. Steam is supplied by two Roberts water-tube boilers at a pressure of 275 lb. per sq. inch. Forced draft is produced by a Sturtevant fan directly connected to a small steam turbine on the same bed plate. Both ships carry a set of Duplex vertical Worthington feed pumps, one set of Blake and Knowles' air-pumps, a centrifugal pump for circulating water to the condenser, and two Blake and Knowles vertical duplex pumps for service. All pumps are worked independently of the main engines. Accommodation is provided for 40 first class, 120 second class, and 280 third class passengers.


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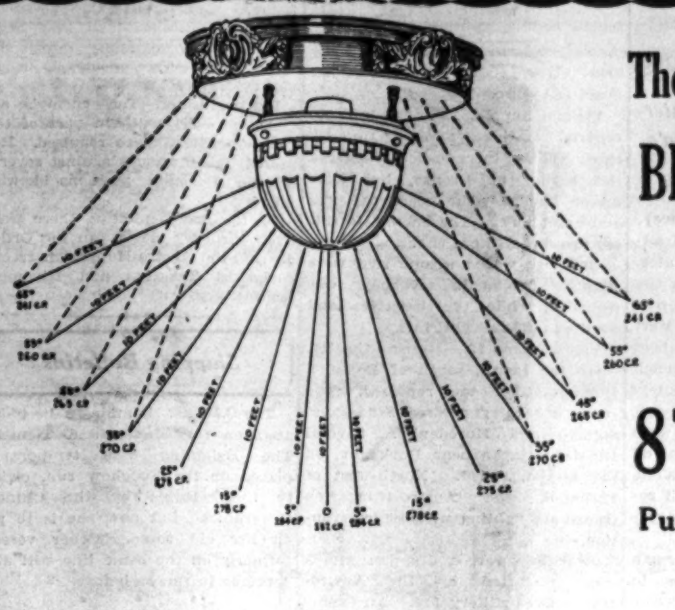

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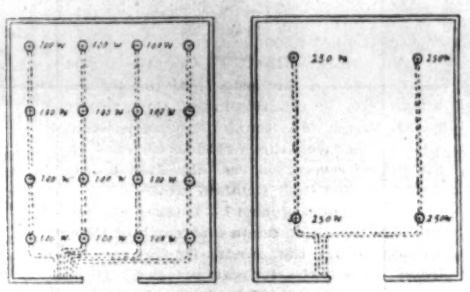

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# Declare French Gains On the Mort Homme Area Only Temporary

## Beaten Back in Short Counter-Attack, Says Berlin; Vienna's Version of Volhynia

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Official German telegram.—Headquarters, June 16.—Western theater. —On the left bank of the Meuse, the French attacked with strong forces on the southern slope of Mort Homme. After having gained ground temporarily, the French were repulsed by a short counter-attack.

Eight officers and 238 men were made prisoners by the Germans and several machine-guns were taken. Late in the evening, the French repeated their attack, but with absolutely no success.

Enterprises against the German lines adjoining the Mort Homme, in both directions, equally failed. The enemy suffered severe losses.

On the right bank of the Meuse, there was only strong activity of the artillery, besides some small infantry engagements on the Thiaumont triangle, favorable for the Germans.

Eastern theater.—Against the front of General Count von Bothmer's army, north of Przevloka, the Russians, yesterday, again continued their efforts. More than 400 prisoners were left in the hands of the defenders, who repulsed the enemy.

Headquarters, June 17.—Western theater. A French patrol attack near Beauline was easily repulsed. In the Meuse sector, there was considerable artillery activity, which, during the morning hours, reached especial violence.

In the Vosges, the Germans sprang a mine north-east of Celles, which caused the enemy heavy losses. West of Sennheim, a smaller enemy detachment, which had entered a German trench, was driven back.

The aviators were active on both sides. A German air squadron copiously bombed important military objects at Begues and Bar-le-Duc, also in the district of Dombasle and at Einville, Luneville and Blainville.

Eastern theater.—General von Linsingen's army is engaged in combats in the Stochod and Styr districts. Parts of General Count von Bothmer's army are again fighting north of Przeyloka.

Balkan theater.—Besides successful attacks, which German aviators again made against the enemy establishments, there were no important events.

Official Austro-Hungarian telegram (delayed).—Vienna, June 9.—Russian theater.—The fighting in the north-east was less violent yesterday. Near Kolki, north of Novo-Alexinetz, north-west of Tarnapol and on the Dniester, the Russian attacks were repulsed. The Russians suffered heavy losses.

On the Bessarabian front, the situation is quiet.

Italian theater.—On the highlands of Asiago, the Austro-Hungarians conquered Monte Sisemol and, north of Monte Meletta, they took Monte Camberto, which was strongly occupied by Alpinists. The Austro-Hungarian heavy mortars opened fire against Monte Lisser, the western armored work of the fortified district of Primolano.

The number of Italian prisoners taken has increased by 28 officers and 550 men. Five machine-guns were taken.

Austro-Hungarian naval aviators extensively bombed the railway stations at Porto Gruaro, Latisana, Pallazuolo and the inner harbor of Grado, also the depots of hostile naval aviators. Army aviators bombed the railway stations at Schio and Piovene.

Vienna, June 10.—Russian theater.—Contrary to the day before yesterday, there were extremely violent engagements yesterday on the whole of the north-eastern front. Between Okna and Dobronutz, at one place eight and at another place five strong Russian attacks were repulsed. Here, the Austro-Hungarian sixth Silesian battalion of chasseurs distinguished itself.

On the lower Strypa, strong Russian forces, after violent fighting, rushed the Austro-Hungarians from the eastern to the western bank of the river. North-west of Tarnapol, the Austro-Hungarians repulsed numerous Russian advances.

In the district of Lutzk, there were engagements west of the Styr. Near Kolki and north-west of Chartorilsk, the Russian attempts to cross the Styr were frustrated.

Italian theater.—An Italian advance against several parts of the Austro-Hungarian front, between the Adige and the Brenta, was repulsed. Up to the present, the number of prisoners taken in this district has been increased by 1,000, among whom are 25 officers.

In front of the Tolmein bridge-head, the Austro-Hungarians, after a strong artillery fire, destroyed the barricades and covers of a part of the hostile front and returned with 80 prisoners, among whom are 5 officers. They also took a machine-gun and other booty.

South-eastern theater.—On the lower Vlyusa, Italian patrols were disposed of by fire.

Vienna, June 12.—The Admiralty reports: In the morning of June 12, three enemy torpedo-boats entered the harbor of Prenzo, but were driven back by the coast batteries and aeroplanes. The enemy's artillery fire was without effect.

Only one wall and one roof were slightly damaged. Nobody was wounded, while the batteries and aviators made several hits.

Vienna, June 13.—Russian theater. —On the Pruth, south of Bojan, a Russian attack was repulsed. The enemy's cavalry entered Seadagora, Sniatyn and Horodenka. Several Russian attacks near Burkanov, on the Strypa, failed. North-west of Tarnapol, the Austro-Hungarian troops are fighting without interruption.

Near Sapanov, a Russian attack was frustrated by the Austro-Hungarian artillery fire. An enemy cavalry detachment was driven back south-east of Dubno.

In Volhynia, the enemy's cavalry reached the district of Tortichin. Otherwise, it is generally calm in this district.

Near Sokul, on the Styr, the enemy's troops were driven forward for attack, but were repulsed. Also, near Kolita, all Russian attempts to cross the river, failed. The number of prisoners captured here has reached 2,000.

Italian theater.—On the front between the Adige and the Brenta, also in the Dolomites, the artillery duels were temporarily very lively, whenever the weather cleared up. At several places, the Italians repeated their fruitless attacks.

Vienna, June 15.—Russian theater. —South of Bojan and north of Czernowitz, the Austro-Hungarians repulsed the Russian attacks. Above Czernowitz, the Austro-Hungarian artillery frustrated a Russian attempt to cross the Pruth.

Between the Dniester and the Pruth, nothing important occurred. The enemy have crossed the line Korodenka-Sniatyn, westwards, only for a short distance.

Near Visniovczyk, there was violent fighting. Here and north-west of Rydom and north-west of Kremenetz, all Russian attacks were repulsed.

In the district south and west of Lutzk, the situation is unchanged. Near Lokatschi, on both sides, dismounted cavalry entered into the engagement.

Between the railway Rovno-Kovel and Kolki, the enemy, at several places, tried hard to force the crossing of the Stochod and the Styr, with fresh divisions, but were repulsed everywhere. They suffered severe losses.

Italian theater.—Yesterday, the Italians began a violent artillery and mine-thrower fire against the Doberdo highlands and the bridge-head of Goerz. During the night, hostile infantry attacks followed against the southern parts of the plateau, which, in most cases, have already been repulsed. At some places, the fighting still continues.

On the Tyrol front, the enemy continue their fruitless attempts against the Dolomites positions, in the districts of Peutelstein and Schluderbach.

Austro-Hungarian aviators bombed the railway stations at Verona and Padua.

South-eastern theater.—On the Voyusa, the Austro-Hungarian fire disturbed the Italian fortification work.

Vienna, June 16.—Russian theater. South of the Dniester, the Austro-Hungarian troops repulsed the enemy's cavalry. Further east, there were only small engagements in this district.

West of Visnjovezykt, the Russian attacks against the Austro-Hungarian positions continued. Here, two officers and 4,000 men were made prisoners by the Austro-Hungarians.

Near Tarnapol, there were no special events. On the whole Volhynian front, new combats have begun.

On the Stochod and the Styr, several enemy attempts to cross the rivers failed. The enemy, as usual, suffered severe losses.

Italian theater.—The enemy's attacks on the southern part of the Doberdo plateau were repulsed. Repeated Italian attacks against several of the Dolomite positions likewise failed.

On the Asiago plateau, there were lively artillery duels. In the Ortler district, the Austro-Hungarian troops conquered Takattop and Hindmort Madatschtop.

## Shipping Bulletins

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming sails today at noon for Chefoo and Tientsin. The Hsinming was temporarily placed on the Foochow run, owing to the seizures by the Chinese Government, but now she is to ply on her old route. Other vessels formerly on the same line will also continue to run as before.

* * *

It is stated that the officers, engineers, and Chinese crew of the Hsinming are, on their arrival at Tientsin, going to claim from the Chinese Government a month's pay in full. These were the terms under which the five China Merchants steamers sailed from that port and embarked troops. It is learned that a favorable settlement has been agreed to by the government.

* * *

The Chinese steamer Kaho, which was recently in Shanghai, has been transferred from the Saigon-Penang rice trade, and is now in the Vladivostock-Amoy bean trade. She is chartered by the M.B.K.

* * *

The I.-C. s.s. Yuensang will return to Manila and then be withdrawn from the Hongkong-Manila run unless the negotiations now pending with Chinese purchasers fall through. The purchase price is said to be in the neighborhood of £50,000 and the steamer is to be used in the Chinese coast trade. The I.-C. Steamship Company have several vessels which can be used in substitution for the Yuensang, but this will be only temporary, for the company is negotiating for a vessel larger and more commodious for the Manila run. The Yuensang is an old boat and has been on the China run for 27 years, 25 of which have been spent in the Philippines. She has a net tonnage of 1,753 tons, and was built by Messrs. Hall, Russell and Co., at Aberdeen.

## In the Courts

### Question of Nationality

Return day was taken in H.B.M. Supreme Court yesterday in a claim by Zih Yuen-sze against Evelyn David in which plaintiff claimed $45,985.74 and Tls. 1,712.88, payable by defendant to plaintiff for money paid by plaintiff for defendant at his request.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson appeared for plaintiff and Mr. D. McNeill for defendant.

Mr. Wilkinson said this was a specially endorsed writ—

Mr. McNeill, interrupting, said he wished to speak on a matter of very great public importance. If his Lordship looked at the endorsement on the writ he would see that the money was claimed to have been spent for the defendant at his request during a period between 1911-1912.

His Lordship—1912-1915.

Mr. McNeill said he had an agreement showing that during that period plaintiff was acting as compradore.

On Mr. Wilkinson objecting, Mr. McNeill said: "I insist on going on: it is a matter of great importance."

His Lordship—This is an objection to the form of the writ. I must hear it.

Mr. McNeill continued that during the period in question plaintiff was compradore to S. J. David. During the same period plaintiff was engaged in proceedings in the Mixed Court and in the agreement he had referred to plaintiff was definitely described as a Chinese subject. He admitted that he was a Chinese subject. Now, in his submission to the Supreme Court, he submitted to jurisdiction as a Portuguese subject.

In view of the steady and determined efforts by the Mixed Court Assessors in the matter of people assuming a foreign nationality for their own ends he submitted his Lordship would want something more than plaintiff's submission that he was a Portuguese subject, and if he had got a certificate the court would probably come to the conclusion that plaintiff had misled the Portuguese Consul as to the place of his birth which, counsel was advised, was Soochow or Shanghai.

His Lordship said he had to be satisfied that plaintiff would submit to the jurisdiction. It was a serious matter and ought to be put on affidavit.

Mr. Wilkinson said that on 2nd June, Mr. McNeill wrote to him saying the amounts claimed had never been disputed.

Mr. McNeill said he had not decided to ask the court for pleadings: he might possibly have asked that the case be dismissed as an abuse of the process of the Court.

His Lordship ordered return day to be adjourned until Thursday in order that an affidavit might be filed.

### A Cheap Opium Smoke

In one of the many opium cases before Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Wong in the Mixed Court there arose the usual trouble in determining whether the opium seized by the police was Indian opium or whether it came under the prohibited classes. Mr. Wright was defending the shopkeeper in the case yesterday. He brought along an old Chinese to testify on the drug's nationality.

Samples of different sorts of opium were burned in the court room and the witness nosed each one in an attempt to determine its orign. After inhaling enough to put an ordinary man in the seventh heaven, the witness straightened up and addressed the magistrate.

"I can't tell anything about the opium this way," said he, "This isn't the proper way to make the test."

"What is the proper way?" he was asked.

"You get me a pipe and let me smoke it," said the ancient witness, his eyes brightening, "I can tell you then where it came from."

The court refused to grant this, holding that it might be an attempt on the part of the old gentleman to indulge a bad habit without cost to himself. The case was again adjourned.

### Despondent Over Chen's Murder

A curious result of the assassination of Gen. Chen Chi-mei came to light yesterday in the Mixed Court. On Saturday a Chinese constable found a man lying on the Sinza Road unconscious. He had the man taken to a hospital where it was discovered that he was suffering from opium poisoning. He had recovered sufficiently yesterday to be brought before the court on a charge of attempted suicide.

The man gave his name as Wong Ah-pau. When asked the reason for his act the accused said:

"I came to Shanghai to see Chen Chi-mei. I did not know that he was dead. When I was told that he had been murdered I felt so badly about it that I swallowed opium to kill myself."

The accused said that he did not want to be sent to the Chinese Authorities. In spite of his protest the court ordered that he be handed over to the Chinese authorities for transportation to his home.


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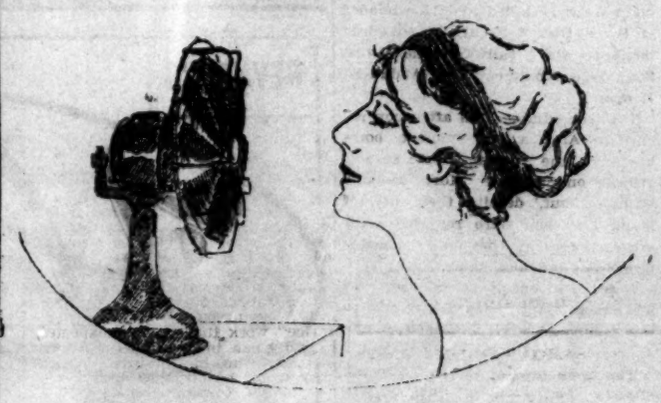

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# SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

## FLAGSHIP AGAIN BEATS CINCINNATI'S PLAYERS

### Perfect Game Till Sixth; Then Brooklyn Went Out to Win By 5 to 3

Brooklyn dragged the Cincinnati baseball team into camp on Sunday, scoring a victory of 5 to 3. The game was witnessed by a crowd that taxed the capacity of the grand stand. The two teams played almost perfect ball up to the sixth inning when the tally stood 0 to 0. In the 6th Brooklyn put over two runs, which Cincinnati tied in the 7th. But in the eighth Brooklyn got three more and on their last chance Cincinnati could only make one.

There were several sensational plays. Hunter, pitching for Brooklyn struck out 13 batters. Miller fanned three and gave two men bases on balls. Eysinger and Brenner got three-base hits and Stipp knocked a two-bagger. The double plays were Miller to Curtis to Hautz, and Stipp to Crall. The score:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1—3 |
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 0—5 |

| Cincinnati | AB | R | 1B | SB | O | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hautz, 2nd | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Bennett, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Crall, 1st | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| Miller, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Ward, c. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Landers, cf. | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Stipp, s. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 |
| Haley, rf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Curtis, 3rd | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Total | 34 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 24 | 14 | 3 |

| Brooklyn | AB | R | 1B | SB | O | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Freels, lf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Leatherby, 2nd | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| Eysinger, c. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 15 | 2 | 0 |
| Daniels, 1st | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Tangerman, cf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hubel, 3rd | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Brenner, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| McGrath, s. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Hunter, p. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 28 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 27 | 6 | 6 |

### Lawn Bowls

**S.L.B.C. v. S.R.C.**

This match, played on the S.L.B.C. rinks Sunday afternoon, resulted in a win for the home team by no less than 50 points. The following are the scores:—

| S.L.B.C. | | S.R.C. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| L. Evans | (skip) | G. Manwaring | (skip) |
| J. T. Disselduff | | J. E. Lucas | |
| E. L. Hunter | | S. Green | |
| W. N. C. Allen | 25 | H. S. Smyth | 12 |
| G. H Phillips | (skip) | A. Eek | (skip) |
| R. A. Lawson | | C .Komaroff | |
| H. H. Fowler | | W. Milner | |
| F. L. Marshall | 27 | P. W. Reeves | 12 |
| A. D. Bell | (skip) | H. Veitch | (skip) |
| J. C. Macdougall | | E F. White | |
| G. Dunlop | | W. S. Feather-stonhaugh | |
| F. Large | 24 | S. Wallace | 21 |
| G. L. Campbell | (skip) | W. J. Ward | (skip) |
| C. W. Porter | | R. J. Bowerman | |
| A. Gray | | Capt. Spink | |
| J. Scotson | | F. Milner | |
| | 35 | | 16 |
| Total | 111 | Total | 61 |

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## Scout Jottings

By Pathfinder

Last week was full of interesting scout work on the part of the Chinese Boy Scouts. At the Belgian Fete they distinguished themselves by their cheerful spirits and willingness to turn their hands to anything in the nature of hard work, and the individual records of very "good turns" done by the Troops participating, are too numerous to mention. All the afternoon they "slogged in" like trojans, and long after everyone had left the grounds they were at it, clearing up, removing flags, and giving a helping hand everywhere in the pouring rain on jobs that had none of the "limelight touch" about them. The Troops taking part in the show were the 1st, 2nd and 6th and the managers of many of the side shows had plenty of nice things to say about the smart and disciplined way these fine, well-set-up lads went about the job.

* * *

"Discipline"—that's the word! And it was because of this quality which the Chinese Troops possess in a marked manner through the careful training they have received, that they were selected on Saturday for the exacting work of "telephone station duties" for the Fire Brigade during the long march through town. There were 8 or 9 stations *en route*, and three scouts to a station, one of whom was a cyclist in each case. To the 6th Troop fell the honor of this work during the day, and well they carried it out. As the Brigade passed each scout station, two sturdy lads of the 6th could be observed smartly standing at the "Alert" on the pavement, while a third was on watch inside ready on the instant to turn in an alarm to the Brigade Headquarters, or warn the fire-fighters as to the whereabouts of a fire at any moment.

To the Scouts on duty, who missed seeing the fine spectacle, the sense that they were doing their duty by sticking to their posts, made up for the loss, and the boys were on all the afternoon and till late at night. Many were so keen on the work of helping the Brigade on Thibet Road where occasion offered for their services that they wouldn't hear of knocking off for dinner, and were given some real hard work on the structure which they did smartly and well.

* * *

During the afternoon the 6th put in some excellent work "fence forming" with their staves along the Nanking Road end of the Thibet Road, and assisted the police in keeping back the enormous crowds.

On the Race Course, too, a string of sturdy lads of the same troops came in very handy and made a "fence" with their staves, while aloft on the tall structure four of the smaller members acted as "rescued inmates" and were carried down the escapes, and heartily enjoyed it too.

Later on in the evening a small section (about 30) of the 9th Troop from Nanyang on the hunt for "good service" work turned up unexpectedly, and came in very useful helping to handle the big crowds. With a party from the 6th they went off at the "double" towards Cemetery Road, and were on the scene shortly after an exciting armed robbery took place, and assisted in keeping back the crowd and in other ways helping the police.

* * *

The big "blaze" was about to begin, and the crowd were on the tiptoe of expectation, when a scout of the 6th Troop dashed up and reported a fire in No. 1 district, and rapidly passed on the message he had received at his station on the "New World." The Hongkew and Deluge Companies moved off quickly, and thanks to a prompt alarm were very shortly afterwards on the spot at the real fire. The scouts responsible for this work were P-Ls. Yue Je Ling, and Shen Fu Lun, with Second S. L. Foo of the 6th, and no sooner had this occurred than these lads had a further chance to add to their laurels of the day, and took it. Shen Fu Lun and a boy of the Hanbury School between them "collared" three thieves who had snatched ear-rings and money from passers by and promptly had them hauled off to Louza Police Station.

* * *

Scoutmaster Pringle is now in charge of this body of scouts in the place of Scoutmaster Maitland, transferred to Calcutta, and may be proud of the work done by his Troop which has already made a name for smartness, discipline and cheerfulness under difficulties, and above all no grousing, which any Troop might envy.

Our congratulations to the 6th! You're a credit to the Association—and there's many another Troop that might well imitate your perfect discipline, and your smart little scout-like way of carrying out all orders "without question," and "at the double," which excellent qualities are just the ones which mark you down for the "jobs that count" in the scouting line, and show that you are taking scouting seriously and not merely "playing at it."

After all—nearly everything depends on the officer in charge himself, doesn't it? Scoutmaster Pringle, congratulations!

* * *

The 9th and 10th Troops at Nanyang invited other troops to a big camp on their fine grounds last week end, and the 6th responded with pretty well full strength, some 150 boys camped for the week-end on the splendid grounds, and some real good scoutwork was done, including some interesting wireless lectures, and motor cycle demonstrations. About 10 of the 9th Troop can now ride a motor cycle.

On Sunday the 6th marched back to Carter Road with all baggage and equipment in a hand-cart which they dragged, and made the very good record of 50 minutes for the journey. Not a boy fell out, though the pace was exceedingly hot, and the Troop swung along to the cheerful accompaniment of "Tipperary" and other suitable ditties on mouth organ and whistle. "Some keen sports" the Chinese scouts nowadays!

* * *

Next Saturday the 3rd, 5th and 7th have their Inter-patrol Competitions, the former at Jessfield, the latter at Fuhtan Coellge, and visiting scoutmasters can be sure of picking up some really original tips on running competitions if they can attend.

* * *

The 11th, 12th and 13th Shanghai Troops will it is hoped, shortly be placed on an official basis. These new Troops have all been started by the boys of the Ellis Kadoorie School, who have so spread the good seed of scouting that it has now blossomed out into full fledged troops equipped with uniform and all, and simply waiting for the official assent. Patrol Leaders Shen Fu Lun and Second S. L. Foo (they of the thief catching and fire alarm fame) have been appointed as official instructors to the 11th and look like making a very decent job of it.

* * *

The District Scoutmaster has asked me to request officers of troops contemplating a change of uniform for the summer, to communicate with him, in order that he may advise other troops as to the change and so avoid confusion when they meet on fieldwork or elsewhere. With the hundreds of scouts now in Shanghai the color question as regards uniform becomes an important one—and it certainly puts a side into confusion if on fieldwork one is expecting one's "enemy" to turn up in say blue shirt, and you can see nothing but light green or some other color up against you, without any warning.

### Lawn Tennis

At the C. S. F. Sunday Mrs. C. D. Pearson and J. E. Murray entered the final of the mixed doubles competiton at the expense of Mrs. E. Prince and Mr. H. B. Ollerdessen. The score was 6-3, 6-1 but the game was a very well-fought one, all four showing good play. The other semi-finalists are Mr. and Mrs. Elmore and Mr. and Mrs. Master.

**St. Xavier Old Boys Win**

A match took place on Sunday at the Palace Gardens between St. Xavier's Old Boys, and the Palace Club. The Old Boys had matters their own way. The score:

G. H. Baker and L. Coates beat J. Noble and H. J. Jefferson, 2-6, 6-4, 6-2.

V. Elliot and G. da Silva beat F. Leary and J. Hunter. 6-4, 6-2.

A. Meyer and L. Coates beat C. Burl and R. Shellfwell. 6-0, 2-6, 6-0.

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WEATHER

*Overcast weather. Light and variable breezes with mist on our coasts. Rain in Fukien and perhaps Kiangsi and Chekiang.*

SHANGHAI, JUNE 20, 1916

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

## The Imperial Dilemma

*(New York Times)*

WHATEVER else may be imminent in Germany, the resources of her peculiar logic are about exhausted. The strain is too great. Consider the dilemma in its hopeless contradictions.

First, the world must be made to believe that there is plenty of food, else the enemy will be heartened to continue the war with increasing confidence.

Secondly, in order that the world may perceive the monstrous and inhuman character of England's "starvation policy" it must be made to believe that conditions in Germany are unendurable, that non-combatants are deprived of sustenance, and that babies perish for want of milk.

Thirdly, for imperative reasons, martial law will be declared over all means of German sustenance, that is, a "food dictator" will be appointed to control consumption and distribution in an arbitrary manner, with the authority of a commandant in a besieged place, and yet, in order that England's blockade may continue to be bitterly denounced as illegal, in that it causes the whole people to suffer, the pretense must survive that Germany is not besieged as Paris was when in 1870 the Prussians starved its civil population.

The news released by the Berlin censors reflects these hapless difficulties. Its character is governed by political imperatives which alternate in a most confusing manner. When it is desirable to build up the case against England's sea power and invoke the sympathy of neutral opinion the ban is lifted from pictures of German suffering, such as at another time would be sternly suppressed. Then suddenly all that sort of news is stopped, and in place of it the censors pass, or the Government originates, information of other import, and the picture then displayed is one of a well-fed people, able out of their own resources to go on making war interminably. The truth lies somewhere near the middle. When, if ever, conditions are so bad as in a mood of exaggerated self-commiseration the Germans represent them, the war will end on that account, without much parley as to terms. A nation will not starve. It will not be very hungry. On the other hand, if conditions were as good as in the mood of self-reliance they are said to be, Maximilian Harden would not now be advocating the appointment of von Tirpitz as Food Lord, with power to say how much and what each unit of the German race shall eat. That is a measure dictated only by great necessity.

It is quite possible that the Germans do not absolutely know themselves what the situation is. Harden says: "That we have necessary foodstuffs for our actual limited needs has frequently been stated from the highest official places." He adds: "Knowingly false testimony here would be a thousand times worse crime than perjury at a murder trial. We must believe that we have enough, then finally take steps to secure a wise and equal distribution." That has been the position of the radical Socialists. "The Government says there is enough; therefore let the Government see to it that sustenance be made available on equal terms to all."

So far there has been, not plenty, but enough. Evidence of increasing scarcity has not destroyed faith in the Government's assurances to its people nor in the accuracy of the statistics by which the experts prove their case; it has only caused louder denunciation of the food producers, or, as Harden says, "the peasants, cattle speculators, corn and coal kings," and of the Government also for its leniency toward them. It is somewhat of a relief to find human weaknesses in these people after all. The Imperial German Government accused of inefficiency! "No mistake that could possibly have been made was avoided," says one of its critics, openly. That has an English sound. Even the German women are not spared. They are only women. They gave their gold rings for iron ones, but now the importation of corsets has to be forbidden by imperial ordinance. One wonders where the corsets came from. A ban is put on luxuries, from which some might argue that necessaries are not scarce. That by no means follows. Luxuries are not interchangeable with food in a land besieged. The case is artificial. People may be able to command luxuries and unable at the same time to provide themselves with food. They may be able to import corsets and unable to import wheat. That is the plight of Germany.

The people until now have relied implicitly on the word of the Government that the nation could be self-sustaining. Therefore they have a perfect right to say: "If there is enough, produce it. Compel those who have the food to sell it. Our privations are increasing. Either you are wrong or inefficient." One thing is clear. Never so bad nor yet so good as they have been alternately represented, conditions now are worse. What if the Government has been wrong? The fear of that is heard for the first time. The expression of it is allowed to pass the censor. Why?

There can be no positive answer. Uncertainties lie in every assumption. Under stress of emotion the German mind behaves in a singular way. Its interpretation of the world's public opinion has been almost infallibly wrong. And, besides, there is the constant probability that the whole structure of false reasoning which has been reared upon the war, culminating in Reventlow's metaphysical conclusion that Belgium never existed, will suddenly and utterly collapse. These may be the portents of that momentous event.

## WAR AND THE WIRES

*By Frederic J. Haskin*

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—The Navy Department recently played its second "war game," this time for the purpose of testing the efficiency of the telephone and telegraph systems of the country in case of war. The demonstration lasted for two days in which the United States was supposed to be on the eve of mobilization. Word was received that an imaginary enemy had been sighted off the Atlantic Coast, and Secretary Daniels ordered the U. S. Battleship New Hampshire on scouting duty by wireless telephone. The naval officials communicated with the various navy yards by long distance telephone, and the telegraph wires were kept busy sending and receiving war messages.

Among other things, word was received from the Brooklyn Navy Yard that the Brooklyn Bridge had been blown up by the enemy, several new ships had been damaged, and they were waiting for orders. This particular message was so much in keeping with anonymous threats recently addressed to the Navy Department that it came near being accepted at face value. As a result of these threats, Brooklyn Bridge, as well as the other bridges, is patrolled by a detective force which look askance at every pedestrain with bulging pockets or packages. After the first startled moment, the Navy Yard got its orders right back over the telephone.

Since the officials were compelled to give up their Sunday holiday to the war game, they determined to get as much fun out of it as possible. They asked the hardest questions of the navy yards, and the navy yards retaliated by doing the same thing. This was all very good for the cause, since if for any reason a man was unable to answer a fair question dealing with his special line of work, it was referred to a sort of umpire who made it his business to find out why. Any apparent lack of efficiency was immediately investigated, for under actual war conditions the work of each man is tremendously important and the slightest mistake may cause the greatest blunder.

Communication was established by long distance telephone over thousands of miles of wire with naval stations at New York, Chicago, Norfolk, Pensacola, San Diego and Puget Sound. Secretary Daniels sat at his desk and called up the U. S. Battleship New Hampshire which was stationed at Hampton Road. The telephone operator at the Navy Department transmitted the communication to the Arlington wireless stations, where the Secretary's voice was projected into the ether by wireless and carried to the battleship where the wireless operator received it and transmitted it through the telephone to the captain. Thus the voice of Secretary Daniels in Washington was clearly heard by Captain Chandler on board the New Hampshire lying off Hampton Roads.

The Secretary of the Navy told Captain Chandler that the enemy had been sighted off the coast and that he was to get the New Hampshire under way immediately in the role of scout. Captain Chandler replied that the New Hampshire could not get under way until ten o'clock the next morning, to which the Secretary replied that ten o'clock would be satisfactory and for the ship to report her position every hour thereafter to the government stations at Arlington. Such a report was made by telephone for the first time in the history of the world.

During the two days in which the war game lasted all telephone and telegraph facilities were put at the disposal of the government by the American Telegraph and Telephone Company in order to show its ability to take care of government messages in time of war. This company has established a preparedness station in the Navy Department which is to co-operate with the government wireless stations in perfecting a system of communication of efficiency which no country has ever had before. All the lastest telegraphic and telephonic devices are to be placed in this station. For example, one machine permits the sending and receiving simultaneously of eight messages—that is, four outgoing and four incoming—over a single wire.

One man after viewing this apparatus and hearing the result of the conversation by wireless telephone said that absolutely nothing could astonish him in the future. If he were suddenly handed an excursion ticket by aeroplane to Mars, he said, he would accept it with perfect equanimity.

Yet it has only been a matter of about seventy years that the telegraph has been in existence, and acquaintances of Professor Morse were certain of his insanity. In 1844, a New York newspaper offered a prize of $1,000 for the first copy of the governor's speech to reach its office. One of the first telegraph lines had just been completed between New York and Albany and was the subject of much conjecture in these communities. The majority of the people were frankly of the opinion that it was simply a waste of money, so that when the New York paper made its offer the people unhesitatingly provided relays of horses with which to carry the message and beat the telegraph. Great crowds gathered along the roadside to see the messengers gallop past. As they rode at a furious pace into New York the newsboys were calling "Extra—full copy of governor's message!" This was the first complete victory of the telegraph.

Since then, we have had no more historic rides. Paul Revere's record has never been effaced, and individuals who might be guilty of such an offense usually live in too prosaic proximity to a telegraph office. In the old days California was admitted to the Union one month before a breathless messenger brought her the news.

At the beginning of the European war, the belligerent governments immediately got into communication with their battleships in different parts of the world by wireless, giving them orders of procedure. Also, many merchant vessels, unsuspicious of such a calamity were apprised of the declaration of war by wireless messages picked up by their operators. This is the one disadvantage of wireless as compared to the oceanic cable system; namely, any ship with wireless apparatus can pick up messages not intended for it. The only way to overcome this difficulty is the use of a secret code.

In most of the European countries the telegraph and telephone companies are either owned, regulated or supervised by the governments. In this country they are entirely private enterprises, providing a service for which the government pays the same as anybody else. It is therefore a great satisfaction to the government to know that the telegraph and telephone companies have constituted themselves a third line of defense to be put at its disposal in case the nation should be involved in war.

## International Finance

International Finance. By Hartley Withers. (Smith Elder. 3s. 6d. net.)

*(Reviewed by the London Times)*

Mr. Withers is a master of the art of describing complicated and obscure economic phenomena in language comprehensible to intelligent persons who desire to learn something about them and are willing to give a moderate amount of attention to his exposition of the subject. The present volume, as he explains in a very brief preface, goes over a good deal of ground which he covered in his earlier books. The work, he tells us, was written by the request of the Council for the Study of International Relations, and is intended to explain "what the City really does, why it is the center of the World's Money Market," &c.

The chapters on Banking Machinery and on Investments and Securities are very good, and set the reader on the right track for learning what the Money Market and the Stock Exchange are. But the student of these two difficult subjects must turn to more elaborate works if he is to attain a thorough grasp of them. All this, however, is a preliminary to Mr. Withers's explanation of international finance. Finance, as he remarks, "becomes international when capital goes abroad," and capital does not go abroad in any quantity until it can be employed there more profitably than at home. Mr. Withers cannot afford much space for the theory put forward from time to time that too much capital goes abroad, and that home industries are "starved"—owing to the perverse preference alleged to be shown by financiers for foreign investments; but he does refer to the fact that for a few years home investments were under a cloud and many stockbrokers' clients would not look at them, demanding clamorously to be supplied with foreign securities yielding higher rates on the money invested than could be obtained at home. They were beginning to change their minds before the war broke out, owing partly to events in Mexico and Brazil. The war has not only stopped all lending to the foreign countries which had been accustomed to rely on financial aid from London, but has turned the tide the other way so far as the United States is concerned, that country having lent England and France £100,000,000.

Mr. Withers is of opinion that other neutral countries who are making profits by selling supplies to the Allies may lend part of those profits to them. We do not think says The London Times reviewer, this is likely to be the case to any great extent, because most countries, except the United States, will need these profits to replace the money they have been in the habit of borrowing from us. The case of the credit for £10,000,000 which Canada has placed at the disposal of the Mother Country hardly applies, for Canada is in this matter actuated by the same splendid patriotism which has sent the flower of her sons to fight in the quarrel of the Empire.

America may, and, we hope, will, be prepared to lend to us and our Allies again should we need her assistance. It was stated in The Times on Monday that something of the kind is already being discussed in New York, but part of her large war profits will be employed in taking our place, and to a less extent that of France, in financing Argentina. We may observe that the issue of the £100,000,000 Anglo-French loan was really an indirect mode of letting the Allies have food and war material "on tick," in the same way that we have supplied America herself and other good customers of undoubted wealth with railway and other materials in the past.

There is nothing miraculous in the pre-eminence which London has enjoyed in international finance. It was due partly to the enormous volume of our production and our mercantile marine, and to the fact that, although we are not as frugal as we ought to be and as the French are, we have saved a good deal annually. At present we are not saving anything, on the conirary, we are borrowing, and, as Mr. Withers says, after the war our power as a creditor country will be reduced until by hard work and strict saving we have restored it. This, he thinks, we can very quickly do if we remember the lessons the war is teaching us as to the capacities for work of many people who were more or less idle before the war, and as to the ease with which many luxuries, deemed to be necessaries, can be dispensed with. He returns to this subject more than once, in a spirit of hopefulness which contrasts agreeably with the pessimist views taken in some quarters.

The whole volume is a plea for courage and faith in the future based, we believe, on a correct conception of the intrinsic power of the United Kingdom and the British Empire. The fact that, in the past, British finance houses have made some mistakes in their loan operations ought not to blind critics, as it sometimes does, to the immense amount of useful work they have done for new countries while securing good investments for their clients and good profits for themselves. Mr. Withers sees both sides of the picture and in his chapter on "The Evils of International Finance" sets forth, as Devil's Advocate, in measured terms, all that can be fairly charged against "the financier." It does not, of course, amount to a great deal. In his chapter on "Nationalism and Finance" he remarks that the benefits wrought by international finance have been largely wrought through "specialization," that is through the production of useful articles in the lands where they can best be grown or made. This mode of arranging the agricultural and industrial operations of the world is based on the set of political ideas summarized in the doctrine of Free Trade, which in the opinion of many of its supporters, including Mr. Withers, may have to be reconsidered in view of the state of things revealed by the war.

## England And The Netherlands

Calendar of Letters, Dispatches, and State Papers, relating to the Negotiations between England and Spain, preserved in the Archives at Vienna, Simancas, Besancon and Brussels. Vol. XI. Edward VI. and Mary, 1553. Edited by Royall Tyler. (H. M. Stationery Office. 15s. net.)

"We have," said Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons on August 8, 1914, "great and vital interests in the independence of Belgium"; and in his presidential address to the Royal Historical Society last year Professor Firth gave a rapid sketch of the way in which English diplomacy and war had sought to guarantee those interests before as well as after Belgium had attained a national status. There may at first sight seem little connexion between the title of the volume before us and English interest in the independence of Belgium; but the Emperor Charles V. who was in 1553 King of Aragon and Castile, was also hereditary ruler of the seventeen provinces of the Netherlands, seven of which ultimately became the kingdom popularly but inaccurately called Holland, while ten became that Belgium which the Germans are now thinking of resolving into its component parts.

The principal content of this volume deals with the only attempt ever seriously made to form England and the Netherlands into a single monarchy. Under Elizabeth the two provinces of Holland and Zealand contemplated a personal union with England; and a political amalgamation between the Dutch and English republics was the subject of some curious diplomatic discussion in the early days of Oliver Cromwell's rule. Belgium itself has been under five successive foreign masters, Spanish Hapsburgs till 1714, Austrian Hapsburgs till 1792, French Republicans and Napoleon from 1794 to 1814, and Dutch William from 1815 to 1830. But had the negotiations detailed in this volume produced their desired result and a son been born to Philip II. and Mary, Queen of England, that son would have inherited a monarchy comprising England, Ireland, and the Netherlands, which then reached nearly to the Somme; and the whole course of European history might have been different.

The volume opens with Edward VI. on the throne and Northumberland behind it, scheming to perpetuate his power when the tale of the already numbered days of the sickly King should be complete. Charles V. was unprepared for the crisis; Protestant Germany had just revolted against him, Henry II. of France had seized the three bishoprics, Metz, Toul, and Verdun, and fortune had deserted the Emperor in his attempt to recover Metz by siege. His ambassador in England, Schefve, was incompetent, and the colleagues who were sent to reinforce him only arrived on July 6, the day of Edward's death. Measures had long been taken for the succession of Lady Jane Grey, and Charles V. saw no prospect of success for Mary. His advice to her was cautions to the verge of cowardice; she was to submit to the usurpation, and merely demand a right to the private exercise of her religion, while the Emperor would do his best to secure her person from molestation.

Yet his interests in Mary's succession to the throne were vital; England under Queen Jane and Northumberland would inevitably be the tool of France, and the Netherlands, surrounded by a rebellious Germany and a hostile France and England, would be untenable by Spain. Dynastic ambition had brought Charles to this pass; his attempt to run his son Philip as a candidate for the succession to the Empire had alienated Germany, and his severance of the Netherlands from the Imperial organization in order to bind them more closely to Spain deprived them of all hope of protection by the Empire. The Spanish-Hapsburg cause was saved for the nonce by Tudor determination. Mary had none of the profound political aptitude of Henry VII. and Elizabeth; but she possessed the Tudor will and courage, and submission to Northumberland's arrogance and Queen Jane's pretensions never entered her mind. It was not that she had calculated more accurately than Charles V. on the power of the English people to resist a Government. She had little perspicacity; but she believed in her right and was determined to assert it: and popular attachment to the Tudors and detestation of Northumberland rose to her aid.

Charles accounted her triumph a divine miracle, thus excusing his own lack of insight; but he was prompt enough to avail himself of it, and so were others. For the first time in English history there was a Queen regnant on the throne; who should be King-Consort, and the father of English kings to be? France had put her money on the wrong horse, and could hope for nothing from Mary; but there were various candidates from the other camp—the Emperor's son Philip, his brother's son the Archduke, Louis of Portugal and Philibert of Savoy. None of these, except Philip, would have helped the situation in the Netherlands, and they were all kept at arm's length while Charles prosecuted his son's suit for Mary's hand. His most serious rival was not a foreign prince, but an English noble, Courtenay; and Mary's Chancellor, Gardiner, fought an honorable but unsuccessful diplomatic fight to save English independence from Spanish designs. Cardinal Pole, still an exile, likewise strove to put religion before politics, the Papal restoration before the Spanish marriage. He, too, was debarred from access to the scene of operation; and Charles was insistent that Mary should stir as little religious animosity as possible until she was safely married to Philip. To save the Netherlands and secure the Narrow Seas, England might well rest for a time in schism and dispense with papal jurisdiction, enjoying the revenues confiscated from the Church. Similar fears for the Netherlands on Charles's part had enabled Henry VIII. to divorce Catherine of Aragon and break the bonds of Rome; neither his aunt nor the Pope was worth the risks that would follow if Henry VIII. joined France in an attack on the Netherlands. This time Charles's policy broke down over the eternal problem of sex.

"What would you do," said a Scot to an English diplomatist anent the marriage of Edward VI. to Mary, Queen of Scots, "if your lad were a lass, and our lass were a lad?" If Mary Tudor had been a man, the English people would have welcomed a Hapsburg bride, but a Hapsburg

(Continued on Page 7)


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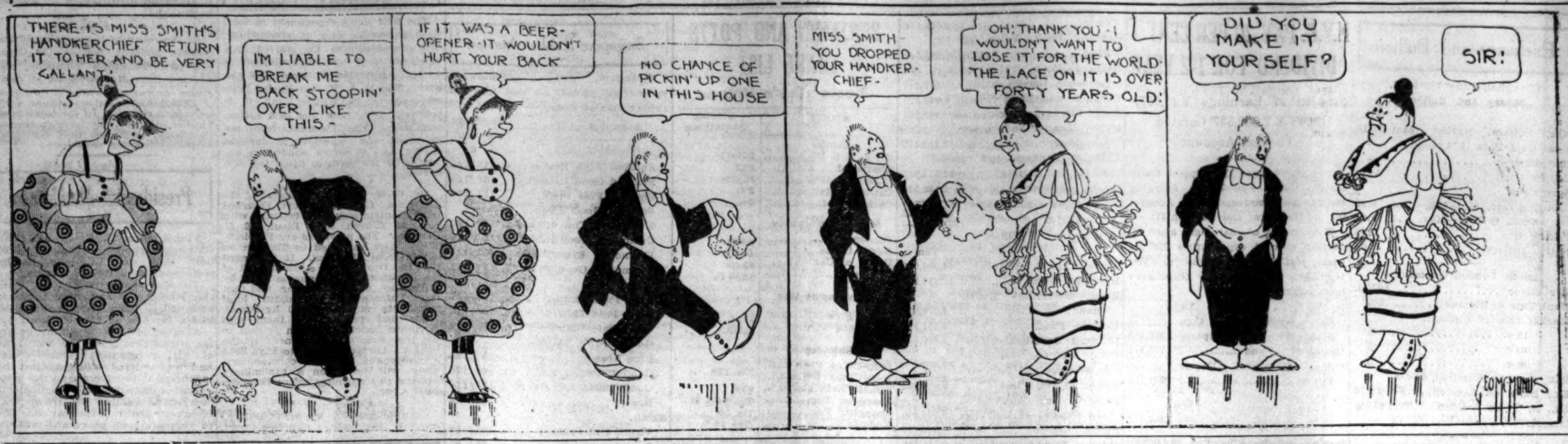
## Bringing Up Father — By George McManus


THERE IS MISS SMITH'S HANDKERCHIEF RETURN IT TO HER AND BE VERY GALLANT!
I'M LIABLE TO BREAK ME BACK STOOPIN' OVER LIKE THIS -
IF IT WAS A BEER-OPENER IT WOULDN'T HURT YOUR BACK
NO CHANCE OF PICKIN' UP ONE IN THIS HOUSE
MISS SMITH - YOU DROPPED YOUR HANDKER-CHIEF -
OH! THANK YOU - I WOULDN'T WANT TO LOSE IT FOR THE WORLD THE LACE ON IT IS OVER FORTY YEARS OLD!
DID YOU MAKE IT YOURSELF?
SIR!
GEO MCMANUS

## England And The Netherlands

(Continued from Page 6)

bridegroom was another matter. "Bella gerant alli; tu, felix Austria, nube"; and fears of the Hapsburg matrimonial net were coupled with insular detestation of Spanish arrogance. It was in vain that Charles V. and his accomplished ambassador, Renard, pleaded that Philip's entourage would be Flemish, not Spanish, and acquiesced in every scrap of paper the English Council proposed to guarantee English independence. London street-boys snowballed Philip's proxies as they arrived at Christmas, 1553; and Renard was, in spite of his diplomatic success, full of forebodings which Wyatt's rebellion was soon to justify. Wyatt failed, but Elizabeth remained with her "power of enchantment," as Renard describes it, and no heed was paid to his prophetic desire to have her removed from Philip's path.

These papers are not merely material for history; with their vivid details, their palpitating hopes and fears, their diplomatic artifice and falsehood, their living presentation of human beings, they are that history which eludes our histories.—*Times Literary Supplement.*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## Women's Sense of Humor, Dorothy Dix Believes, Is Steadily Developing

By Dorothy Dix

HAVE women a sense of humor?

Men contend that they have not. Men have frankly admitted that they do not understand woman's anatomy, physical or mental, but they've been sure of one point about her, and that is that she was made out of Adam's wishbone and not out of his funnybone.

Tradition has it that to tell her a funny story is like scattering pearls before swine—that she had to have jokes diagrammed for her, and then laughed in the wrong place.

This is the way men, who are scintillating with abroad, who keep the table in a roar, execuse themselves for being dull and grouchy and silent at the domestic breakfast table. They hold that a wife is so lacking in a sense of humor that she is no good even to try out a new joke on.

Perhaps it has been true that the woman of the past had little sense of humor and didn't laugh much. They hadn't much to laugh about. Tears were their portion, and in our grandmother's time when women met together they sat up and told one another mournful stories of trouble and affliction, and recounted all of the painful details of sickbeds and death-room scenes.

But the evolution of women is bringing with it an elongation of their funny-bone. Their sense of humor is beginning to develop. They laugh more, and now when they meet together they exchange jokes instead of symptoms and particulars of their last surgical operation; and the difference comes pretty near to measuring the distance that women have progressed. It shows they are getting a real sense of proportion in life, and that is what a sense of humor is—in its last analysis.

Heaven knows that of all things on earth women most need this sense of humor! Perhaps it is because they haven't had it that they have made tragedies out of things that might have been turned into comedies.

For instance, the other day the newspapers contained an account of a woman who had had her husband arrested for assault and battery. The next day when she appeared before the Judge with her eyes blackened, minus two teeth, and with her lip split so she could hardly speak, she said that she desired to withdraw her charge.

"For what reason?" inquired the Judge. You seem to me to be about as bad a wreck as ever appeared before this court. Isn't it true that your husband inflicted these bruises upon you?"

"Oh, yes, your Honor," replied the woman. "But I didn't understand when my husband beat me and I had him arrested that he was just playing a practical joke upon me. I thought he was angry and was beating me because he was mad. If I had understood it was all in fun I would never have said a word; for, your Honor, I'm not one of those women who have no sense of humor and can't take a joke."

Think, if this spirit could become universal among women, how beneficent would be its results. Take the matter of the drunken husband, for instance. We all know how excruciatingly amusing a drunken man is on the stage, and how gladly we give up two dollars of our hard-earned money to see a comedian give a lifelike representation of a gentleman on a spree.

Yet there are thousands of women who greet this spectacle in their own homes, not with laughter, but with tears. Is it possible that the wives of drunkards have been missing a good joke, and that all they need to turn their sorrow into joy is just to cultivate a sense of humor?

And there's the unfaithful husband—also a source of infinite jest on the stage, the very backbone of every farce. How we scream with laughter as we observe on the stage the merry antics of the gay gentleman who rushes out of one door of the restaurant with the pretty young girl with whom he has been dining and wining, while his fat wife waddles in at the other door in hot pursuit of him!

How sidesplitting are his deceptions, how killing the lies with which he blinds the confiding wife! How ridiculous her jealousy! And what a pity that the poor forsaken lady can't join in the laugh and see how funny it all is!

What an incentive to wives to cultivate a sense of humor that will enable them to see that a roving husband is a household joke instead of a subject for the divorce court!

Therefore, let us all wish a sense of humor on the female sex. It will solve many of women's problems, and it will abolish the foolish fashions with which women make figures of fun of themselves; for then they will see what good jokes are when they wear, as they did last Summer, the faithful old family white cat around their necks in August.

Heaven send women a sense of humor!—and send it soon.


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# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 18, 1916.

**Money and Bullion**

| | Tls. |
|---|---|
| Mex. Dollars: Market rate: | 72.10 |
| S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch... | — |
| Bar Silver ..... | — |
| Copper Cash ..... | 1933 |
| Sovereigns: | |
| buying rate, @ 2-10½—Tls. | 6.95 |
| Exch. @ 72.3—Mex....$ | 9.62 |
| Peking Bar ..... | 349 |
| Native Interest ..... | .04 |

**Latest London Quotations**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver ..... | 30½d. |
| Bank rate of discount ..... | 5% |
| Market rate of discount:— | |
| 3 m-s. ..... | % |
| 4 m-s. ..... | % |
| 6 m-s. ..... | % |
| Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s. | |
| Ex., Paris on London....Fr. | 28.16 |
| Ex., N. Y. on London....T.T. | 476½ |
| Consols ..... | £ — |

**Exchange Closing Quotations**

| | |
|---|---|
| London .....T.T. | 2-10 1/16 |
| London .....Demand | 2-10 1/16 |
| India .....T.T. | 213¾ |
| Paris .....T.T. | 402½ |
| Paris .....Demand | 403 |
| New York .....T.T. | 68⅛ |
| New York .....Demand | 68¼ |
| Hongkong .....T.T. | 72¼ |
| Japan .....T.T. | 74 |
| Batavia .....T.T. | 163¾ |

**Banks' Buying Rates**

| | |
|---|---|
| London .....4 m-s. Cdts. | 2-11⅝ |
| London .....4 m-s. Docy. | 2-11¾ |
| London .....6 m-s. Cdts. | 2-11 13/16 |
| Lonodn .....6 m-s. Docy. | 3-0 1/16 |
| Paris .....4 m-s. | 419½ |
| New York .....4 m-s. | 71⅛ |

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATES OF EXCHANGE FOR JUNE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $1— | Hk. Tls. | 6.02 |
| Hk. Tls. 1— | Francs | 4.68 |
| „ „ 1— | Marks † | 3.84 |
| Gold $ 1— | Hk. Tls. | 1.27 |
| Hk. Tls. 1— | Yen | 1.56 |
| „ „ 1— | Rupees | 2.47 |
| „ „ 1— | Roubles | 2.45 |
| „ „ 1— | Mex. $ | 1.50 |

† Nominal

## Chinese Exchange Rates

**Rates of Exchange**
**Bank of China**
**(Shanghai Branch)**

Mexican Dollars, 72.125
Chinese Dollars, 72.0375
On Peking, Demand, 105
On Tientsin, Demand, 105½
On Newchwang, Demand, 80 7/16
On Hankow, Demand, 103⅝
On Chungking, Demand, 116½
On Nanchang, Demand, 73¼
On Foochow, Demand, 95 11/16
On Amoy, Demand, 71⅛
On Swatow, Demand, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in small (Silver) Coins, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in Notes of Bank of China, Canton, —
On Canton, Demand, payable in Canton (997) Taels, —

May 12, 1916.

## Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, June 18, 1916.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

**Official**

Langkats Tls. 26.50
New Eng. & S. B. Works Tls. 9.25
Chemors Uniteds Tls. 2.00
Consolidateds Tls. 3.70
Dominions Tls. 12.75
Kotas Tls. 11.50
Padangs Tls. 17.00
Ziangbes Tls. 6.25
Pengkalans Tls. 11.75
Semambus Tls. 1.85
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.70
North China Ins. Tls. 165.00
Laou Kung Mow Cotton Tls. 65.00

**Direct Business Reported**

H. and S. Bank $760.00
Padangs Tls. 17.00
Shanghai-Klebangs Tls. 1.20

## Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, June 18, 1916.

BUSINESS DONE

**Official**

Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.60 June
Anglo-Javas Tls. 11.00 July
Pahangs Tls 1.92½ June
Langkats Tls. 27.00 June
Consolidated Tls. 3.75 June
Pahangs Tls. 1.95 June

**Direct**

Langkats Tls. 27.00 July
Langkats Tls. 27.00 cash
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.50 cash


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Established 20 years.
163 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.


## N.Y.K. PAY 20 PER CENT DIVIDEND FOR 1-2 YEAR

### Surplus of Earnings Y.11,997,304; Y.7,029,537 Carried To Next Account

The directors of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha have issued the following report and statements of Account for the Half-Year ended March 31:—

The surplus of earnings after deducting current expenditure for the past Half--Year amount to Yen 11,997,304, out of which there have been deducted:

| | Yen |
|---|---|
| Depreciation of the Company's Fleet and Property | 1,325,438 |
| Insurance Fund ..... | 753,711 |
| Ships' Structural Repair Fund ..... | 303,923 |
| | Yen 2,383,073 |

leaving a balance of Yen 10,560,849, including Yen 946,618 brought forward from last Account.

The Directors now propose that Yen 480,711 be added to the Reserve Fund, and that Yen 165,000 be allowed as the Directors' and Auditors' fees, and Yen 250,000 for the employes as special grant for their services in connection with the war. From the remainder the Directors recommend a dividend at the rate of Eight per cent per annum, besides Two per cent as special dividend and further Ten per cent as extra special dividend, which three items put together will absorb Yen 2,635,600, leaving a balance of Yen 7,029,537 to be carried forward to next Account.

The large increase of earnings for the term under review is due to the abnormal condition of the shipping trade, consequent upon the great war. On the other hand, serious consideration should be given to the enormous risks which are being run by the Company in operating its steamers during the war, and the competition on an unprecedented scale and business depression of a serious nature, which are sure to be experienced upon the restoration of peace. With these eventualities in view, and the end of the war being still far from sight, the Directors deem it appropriate to carry the greater part of the profit to next account for suitable adjustment when an opportune time arrives.

Balance Sheet, March 31, 1916. (cents omitted).

Assets.

| | Yen |
|---|---|
| Unpaid Capital ..... | 16,500,000 |
| Payment on account of New Ships ..... | 4,440,464 |
| Reduced Book Value of Fleet ..... | 31,686,647 |
| Reduced Book Value of Launches, Barges &c..... | 397,809 |
| Buildings and Land ..... | 6,244,173 |
| Ships' Stores in Stock ..... | 401,162 |
| Public Loans and other Securities ..... | 13,226,413 |
| Cash at Bankers and in hand ..... | 17,574,822 |
| Sundry Debtors ..... | 2,139,540 |
| | 92,611,033 |

Liabilities.

| | Yen |
|---|---|
| Share Capital ..... | 44,000,000 |
| Insurance Fund ..... | 12,417,337 |
| Ships' Structural Repair Fund ..... | 4,076,959 |
| Reserve Fund ..... | 4,371,128 |
| Dividend Equalization Fund | 2,300,000 |
| Fund for the Extension of Services and Improvement of the Fleet ..... | 6,000,000 |
| Reserve for Construction and Repairs of Buildings | 3,000,000 |
| Special Reserve ..... | 500,000 |
| Pension Fund for Employes | 2,588,608 |
| Sundry Creditors ..... | 1,796,150 |
| Amount brought forward from last account ..... | 946,618 |
| Net Profit for the Half-Year ..... | 9,614,231 |
| | 92,611,033 |

Profit and Loss Account.

| | Yen |
|---|---|
| To Depreciation of Fleet and Property ..... | 1,325,438 |
| To Insurance Fund ..... | 753,711 |
| To Ships' Structural Repair Fund ..... | 303,923 |
| To Reserve Fund ..... | 480,711 |
| To Directors' and Auditors' fees ..... | 165,000 |
| To Dividend (8 %) ..... | 1,054,240 |
| To Special Dividend (2 %)... | 263,560 |
| To Extra Special Dividend (10 %) ..... | 1,317,800 |
| To War Bonus for the Employes ..... | 250,000 |
| To Balance carried forward to next account ..... | 7,029,537 |
| | 12,943,922 |
| | Yen |
| By Balance brought forward 30th September, 1915 ... | 946,618 |
| By Surplus of Earnings for the Half-Year, ended 31st Mar, 1916 ..... | 11,997,304 |
| | 12,943,922 |

## London Rubber Market

*Reuter's Service.*

London, June 17.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex.
Spot: 2s. 5d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 6d. value.
Tendency of Market: Steadier.
Last Quotation, London, June 16:
Spot: 2s. 5⅛d. to 2s. 4¾d. paid.
July to December: 2s. 6d. to 2s. 5½d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Weak.

## *Banque Industrielle De Chine Pays 8% Dividend*

We are informed by the Manager of the local branch of the Banque Industrielle de Chine that at the general meeting of the shareholders in Paris, the accounts for 1915 were passed, and a dividend of 8% declared, after transfer to the Reserve of over Frs. 1,000,000.

## *Kota Bahroe Co. To Pay Final Dividend of 10 p.c.*

The accounts of the Kota Bahroe Rubber Estates, Ltd., for the twelve months ended March 31, 1916, show a net profit of Tls. 313,467.90, which includes the sum of Tls. 60,451.62 brought forward from the previous period. After deducting Tls. 117,000, absorbed by two interim dividends, the directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 10%, equal to Tls. 117,000, leaving a balance of Tls. 79,467.90 to carry forward to next account.

## TOBACCO SALES

The general agent of the Shanghai Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited, has received the following telegraphic advice from the Deli Maatschappij, Amsterdam:—"Sold 604 bales tobacco at Guilders 2.40."


**The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.**

has already paid more than
**10½ Millions of Taels**
to its policyholders, and the Company's books showed over
**31½ Millions of Taels**
Assurances in force on March 31st, 1915, when the total Assets stood at more than
**9½ Millions of Taels**
Whole Life, Endowment, Educational and Annuity Policies issued at current rates.

**Head Office—SHANGHAI**
Branch offices throughout Asia

**The Venus Fire & Marine Assurance Co., Ltd.**
AND
**The Venus Life Assurance Ltd. Co.,**

*Chairman: Mr. Tang Shao-yi*
*Head Office: Shanghai.*
*Branches all over China.*

| *Fire and Marine* | *LIFE* |
|---|---|
| Capital $1,200,000. | Capital $1,000,000 |

The undersigned are prepared to grant policies of Insurance against Fire, Marine and Life at the lowest Current Rates. Claims Payable at the Head Office, No. 137, Szechuen Road, as well as at all other Branches.

LO SUN, Manager. YEH TSZU-CHIEN, Manager.

**British-America Assurance Co.**

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

**FRAZAR & Co.**

**The Cathay Trust, Ltd.**

Paid-up Capital ..... £220,899

LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST, GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.

J. C. DYER, Manager.

J. A. WATTIE & Co., Ltd.
Secretaries and General Managers,
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.


## BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

### Yesterday's Prices

| STOCK | Closing Quotations |
|---|---|
| **Banks** | |
| H. K. & S. B. | $760 B. |
| Chartered | £52 |
| Russo-Asiatic | R. 250. |
| Cathay, ordy | 2 B. |
| Cathay, pref | 6 S. |
| **Marine Insurances** | |
| Canton | $400 |
| North China | 165 Sa. |
| Union of Canton | $945 |
| Yangtsze | $250 B. |
| **Fire Insurances** | |
| China Fire | $156. |
| Hongkong Fire | $375. |
| **Shipping** | |
| Indo-China Pref. | |
| Indo-China Def. | Tls. 128 |
| "Shell" | 97s. |
| Shanghai Tug | Tls. 14½ B. |
| Shanghai Tug | Tls. 50 |
| Kochien | Tls. 19 S. |
| **Mining** | |
| Kaiping | Tls. 11 B. |
| Oriental Cons. | 33s. 6d. |
| Philippine | Tls. 2 S. |
| Raub | Tls. 2.90 S. |
| **Docks** | |
| Hongkong Dock | $119 B. |
| Shanghai Dock | Tls. 75½. |
| New Eng. Works | Tls. 9¼ Sa. |
| **Wharves** | |
| Shanghai Wharf | Tls. 82 B. |
| Hongkong Wharf | $81. |
| **Lands and Hotels** | |
| Anglo-French Land | Tls. 95 B. |
| China Land | Tls. 50 N. |
| Shanghai Land | Tls. 94 B. |
| Weihaiwei Land | Tls. 3 |
| Central Stores | $8½ B. |
| China Realty (ord.) | Tls. 80 B. |
| China Realty (pref.) | Tls. 52 B. |
| **Cotton Mills** | |
| E-wo | Tls. 137½ B. |
| E-wo Pref. | Tls. 105 B. |
| International | Tls. 65 B. |
| International Pref. | Tls. 76. |
| Laou-kung-mow | Tls. 65 Sa. |
| Oriental | Tls. 32½ B. |
| Shanghai Cotton | Tls. 91½ B. |
| Kung Yik | Tls. 13½ B. |
| Yangtszepoo | Tls. 5 B. |
| Yangtszepoo Pref. | Tls. 106. |
| **Industrials** | |
| Anglo-German Br'y | $95 N. |
| Butler Tile | Tls. 23 N. |
| China Flour Mill | Tls 6 S. |
| China Sugar | $113 B. |
| Green Island | $9.30. |
| Langkats | Tls. 26½ B. |
| Major Bros. | Tls. 5 |
| Shanghai Sumatra | Tls. 130 B. |
| **Stores** | |
| Hall & Holtz | $15 B. |
| Llewellyn | $60. |
| Lane, Crawford | $92. |
| Moutrie | $35 |
| Watson | $7.60. |
| Weeks | $16¾ B. |
| **Rubbers (Local)** | |
| Alma | Tls. 13 B. |
| Amherst | Tls. 2 S. |
| Anglo-Java | Tls. 10.70 B. |
| Anglo-Dutch | Tls. 6. |
| Ayer Tawah | Tls. 35 B. |
| Batu Anam 1913 | Tls. 1.82½ S |
| Bukit Toh Alang | Tls. 5½. |
| Bute | Tls. 1.90. |
| Chemor United | Tls. 2.05 S. |
| Chempedak | Tls. 14. |
| Cheng | Tls. 3.65 S. |
| Consolidated | Tls. 3.70 Sa. |
| Dominion | Tls. 12¾ Sa. |
| Gula Kalumpong | Tls. 8½ B. |
| Java Consolidated | Tls. 21. |
| Hamunting | Tls. 7½ B. |
| Kapala | Tls. 1 B. |
| Kapayang | Tls. 20. |
| Karan | Tls. 16. |
| Kota Bahroes | Tls. 11½ B. |
| Kroewoek Java | Tls. 19¾ S. |
| Padang | Tls. 17 Sa. |
| Pengkalan Durian | Tls. 11¾ Sa. |
| Permata | Tls. 5½ S. |
| Repah | Tls. 1.45. |
| Samagaga | Tls. 1.22½. |
| Seekee | Tls. 7½ B. |
| Semambu | Tls. 1.85 B. |
| Senawang | Tls. 17 B. |
| Shanghai Klebang | Tls. 1.20 Sa. |
| Shanghai Malay | Tls. 7¼ B. |
| S'hai Malay-Pref. | Tls. 15. |
| Shanghai Pahang | Tls. 1.90 B. |
| Sungala | Tls. 1¾ B. |
| Sungei Duri | Tls. 13¼. |
| Sua Manggis | Tls. 6. |
| S'hai Kelantan | Tls. 1.15 S. |
| Shanghai Seremban | Tls. 1.20. |
| Taiping | Tls. 8 |
| Tanah Merah | Tls. 9½. |
| Tebong | Tls. 27. |
| Ulobri | Tls. 2.60. |
| Ziangbe | Tls. 6¼ Sa. |
| **Miscellaneous** | |
| C. I. & E. Lumber | Tls. 105 B. |
| Gulty Dairy | Tls. 14 S. |
| S'hai Elec. and Ash | 32 N. |
| Shanghai Trams | Tls. 83 B. |
| Shanghai Gas | Tls. 22 B. |
| Horse Bazaar | Tls. 30 |
| Shanghai Mercury | Tls. 30 |
| S'hai Telephone | Tls. 88 B. |
| S'hai Waterworks | Tls. 270 B. |

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales B., Buyers

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road
Telephone No. 398

## LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for June 17 was 114 tons, and for June 18 110 tons."

## Singapore Rubber Auction

Singapore, June 7.—Following were the prices realised at the rubber auction today:—

| | Singapore per picul. $ |
|---|---|
| Sheet: | |
| Smoked Fine Ribbed.. @ | 138/132 |
| Smoked Good Ribbed.. „ | 130/125 |
| Smoked Fine Plain.... „ | 137/130 |
| Smoked Good Plain... „ | — |
| Unsmoked Fine Ribbed „ | 128/126 |
| Unsmoked Good Ribbed „ | 125/120 |
| Unsmoked Fine Plain. „ | 132/126 |
| Unsmoked Good Plain. „ | 124/123 |
| Crepe: | |
| Fine Pale Thin..... „ | 140/137 |
| Good Pale Thin..... „ | 135/125 |
| Good Pale Blanket.... „ | 132/130 |
| Good Brown Blanket.. „ | — |
| Fine Brown ..... „ | 132/129 |
| Good Brown ..... „ | 130/120 |
| Good Dark ..... „ | 117/110 |
| Barky ..... „ | 112/ 80 |
| Scrap: | |
| Virgin and Pressed.... „ | 102/ 89 |
| Loose ..... „ | 89/ 95 |
| Sheet: Cupwashing .... „ | 122/114 |

London quotations: s. d.
Fine Pale Crepe ..... 2 7½
Fine Ribbed Smoked Sheet. 2 7¼
Catalogued for Sale.....Pcls. 5,835
Sold.....Pcls. 4,335

The local auction this morning opened up strong, but weakened slightly off during the forenoon. There was, however, a good steady demand at quotations throughout the day for all grades. The highest price paid was $140 for fine pale Crepe, while the top for ribbed smoked Sheet was $138. The average prices of the day for the two grades were about $138 and $135 respectively. Small quantities on which high limits were fixed by sellers, had to be withdrawn.

Banks' buying rate on London 3 m/s 2/4¾.

Banks' buying rate on London demand 2/44⅝.

Banks' buying rate on New York demand 56 1/16.

(Meyer and Measor.)

## NO HEROES NEED APPLY!

According to a Berne message received by the Wireless Press, the Chief of the Italian General Staff, General Cadorna, has a strong objection to "showy" officers who risk their own lives and those of their men in acts of bravado which have no real military value.

"We have no use for heroes of romance," he says. When Peppino Garibaldi, who is noted for his reckless courage, sought a commission in the Italian Army, after having served in the earlier part of the war as a volunteer in France, he was recommended by D'Announzio as "one of our bravest."

"That is bad," retorted General Cadorna tersely.

"He sings and laughs amid a hail of enemy explosives," continued D'Announzio.

"Bad, bad," replied General Cadorna.

"At the mere sight of him his men become seized with an enthusiasm that leads them to rush joyfully to death in an intoxication of holy ardor," proceeded D'Annunzio.

"Worse and worse," responded General Cadorna.

"What qualities, then, are required?" asked D'Annunzio.

"I am of the opinion," answered General Cadorna, "that he should be taught first of all not to get killed himself and not to expose his men without need. An officer who is worthy of his position does not fear death, but he does not despise life. He must be cool, methodical, and serious."


The Sign of Satisfaction
WALK-OVERS




Better let your next pair be
WALK-OVERS

**Walk-Over Shoe Store**
17 NANKING ROAD.


## *News Brevities*

The first day's experiment in local daylight saving went off successfully. The Standard Oil Co. started their employes at 8 a.m. and finished at 4 p.m. Everything went on as ever. The B. A. T. also started their employes at 8 o'clock and it is believed will find the new system workable. The Customs have not discussed the question of daylight saving, and it seems almost an impossibility for them to adopt the new system.

• • •

Mr. C. H. Williams, marshal of the American Consular Court, returned from Tientsin last night bringing with him M. Rincon and Lieut. E. E. Barretto. The prisoners are Filipinos. They were arrested in Tientsin on advice from Shanghai. It is alleged that the two secured a check book of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank by depositing a single dollar and that they afterwards defrauded local merchants out of $1,500 by buying goods and paying for them with worthless checks. Rincon is said to be the son of a prominent Manila banker. Barretto claims to have been a lieutenant in the constabulary. They will be given a preliminary hearing this morning before the Consular Court.

• • •

On application of Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, in the British Supreme Court, yesterday, Sir Havilland de Sausmarez, chief judge, admitted Mr. G. R. Haywood, of Hongkong, to practice in Shanghai.

• • •

As the result of the clearing of the Chinese political horizon, the Great Northern Telegraph Company announces that all restrictions on telegrams exchanged with the province of Kwangtung (Canton, Swatow, etc.) have been removed. In case telegrams for the said province have to transit Hongkong, they must fulfil the usual British censorship conditions.

## Presidential Mandates

Vice-Admiral T. C. Li and Hsu Ching-pen who had been deprived of both rank and title are hereby restored to their former standings.

Yih Kun-chao's resignation from the Ministry of Communications is accepted. Chuen Liang is appointed to act for him as Vice-Minister.

Another lengthy telegram orders the withdrawal from the war zone of all government troops that had been ordered to fight against the independent provinces, and the provincial authorities are particularly ordered to control the troops that have returned from the war zone and to maintain local peace and order.


**JUST RECEIVED**
**A New Shipment**
of
**Summer Carpet Mats**
Beautiful Designs
Sizes 9 x 12 12 x 12 15 x 12
Call early
**MARQUES, CHANG & PEREIRA CO.**
126A Szechuen Road.

**HAVE YOU GOODS TO SELL?**

We carry on business 1,500 miles distant from Shanghai, and are situated in the Metropolis of a Province of 70,000,000 of people.

Manufacturers are pleased with our methods. Why not YOU?

Send us your catalogues, samples of your goods, and let us help you.

**WIDLER & COMPANY,**
Chungking, West China.

**THE CHARLES H. BROWN PAINT Co.**
**PAINTS**
ENAMELS VARNISHES

of all descriptions, guaranteed 100% pure
Sole Agents.
美昌公司
**THE CHINA AMERICAN TRADING Co. (Inc.)**
TIENTSIN, CHINA

**WHEN THE THREAD BREAKS**

The seamstress ties it together and goes ahead, or else she rips out what she has sewn and begins all over again.

But when the thread of **life** breaks, you **can't** tie it together and go ahead, and you **can't** begin all over again. It is broken once for all.

And you can't tell when it is going to break, leaving your loved ones without you to provide for them.

Life assurance assures them food and shelter.

Better see about it now, and start by writing this office.

**SUN LIFE ASSURANCE Co. OF CANADA**
22, Kiangse Road.

# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

Capital .....£1,200,000
Reserve Fund ..... 1,200,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... 1,200,000

*Head Office:*
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

*Court of Directors:*
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
F. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. M. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

*Bankers:*
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

*Agencies and Branches:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hongkong | Peking |
| Bangkok | Ilollo | Penang |
| Batavia | Ipoh | Puket |
| Bombay | Karachi | Rangoon |
| Calcutta | Klang | Saigon |
| Canton | Kobe | Seremban |
| Cebu | Kuala-Lumpur | Singapore |
| Colombo | Madras | Shanghai |
| Delhi | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Foochow | Manila | Taiping |
| Haiphong | Medan | (F.M.S.) |
| Hankow | New York | Tientsin |
| | | Yokohama |

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

## Banque de L'Indo-Chine

Capital .....Frs. 45,000,000.00
Reserves .....Frs. 45,000,000.00

*Succursales et Agences:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bangkok | Hanoi | Saigon |
| Battambang | Hongkong | Shanghai |
| Canton | Mongtze | Singapore |
| Djibouti | Noumea | Tientsin |
| Pondichery | Peking | Tourane |
| Haiphong | Papeete | |
| Hankow | Phom-Penh | |

*Bankers:*
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

E. ARDAIN,
Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital .....Fr. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

*President:*
JEAN JADOT,
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

*Bankers:*
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,
Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital .....$15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver ..... 18,000,000
$33,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors .....$15,000,000

*Head Office: HONGKONG.*
*Court of Directors:*
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. [Chairman.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

*Chief Manager:*
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

*Branches and Agencies:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amoy | Ipoh | Peking |
| Bangkok | Johore | Penang |
| Batavia | Kobe | Rangoon |
| Bombay | Kuala- | Saigon |
| Calcutta | Lumpur | S. Francisco |
| Canton | London | Shanghai |
| Colombo | Lyons | Singapore |
| Foochow | Malacca | Sourabaya |
| Hankow | Manila | Tientsin |
| Harbin | Nagasaki | Tsingtau |
| Iloilo | New York | Yokohama |

*London Bankers:*
London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

*Shanghai Branch:* 12, The Bund.
*Sub-Agency:* 9, Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .....45,000,000
Reserve Fund .....22,000,000
Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ... 3,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... 1,733,000

*Head Office:* Petrograd.
*Paris Office:* 9, Rue Boudreau.
*London Office:* 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

*Bankers:*
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

*Far Eastern Branches and Agencies*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Hailan | Peking |
| Calcutta | Hankow | Shanghai |
| Changchun | Harbin | Tientsin |
| (Kwan-chendze) | Hongkong | Tsingtau |
| Chefoo | Newchwang | Vladivostock |
| Dalny (Dairen) | Nicolayowsk | Yokohama |

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels. Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-up Capital $200,000.

All kinds of banking business transacted. ¼

Currency Exchange a speciality.

Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.

Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.

Particulars of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. P. Chen,
General Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

*Head Office:*
60, Wall Street, New York

London Branch:
31, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up .....U.S. $3,250,000
Reserve and Undivided
Profits .....U.S. 4,210,000
U.S. $7,460,000

*London Bankers:*
Bank of England.
National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.

*Branches and Agents All over the world.*

THE CORPORATION transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG,
Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine.

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generals pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(*Established* 1880.)

*Head Office:* Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed...Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up ... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,400,000

*London Bankers:*
Union of London & Smith's Bank,
The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

*Branches and Agencies:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antunghsin | London | Port Arthur |
| Bombay | Liaoyang | S. Francisco |
| Calcutta | Los Angeles | Sydney |
| Changchun | Lyons | Sinanfu |
| Dalny | Mukden | Tiehling |
| Hankow | Nagasaki | Tientsin |
| Harbin | Newchwang | Tokio |
| Hongkong | New York | Tsingtau |
| Honolulu | Osaka | |
| Kobe | Peking | |

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital .....£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital ..... 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... 550,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

*London Bankers.*
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

*Branches & Agencies.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Howrah | Madras |
| Calcutta | Kandy | Penang |
| Colombo | Karachi | Port Louis |
| Delhi | Kota Bahru | (Mauritius) |
| Galle | (Kelantan) | Rangoon |
| Hongkong | Kuala Lumpur | Shanghai |
| | Singapore. | |

*Shanghai Branch.*

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 3% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,
Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road, 9753

## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Golds. 50,000,000 (about £4,167,000)
Reserve Fund—
Golds. 9,237,150 (about £769,763)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM
Head Agency: BATAVIA
*Agencies in Holland:*
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

*Branches:*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bandjermasin | Padang | Soerakarta |
| Bandoeng | Palembang | Tandjong Balei |
| Cheribon | Pekalongan | Tebing-Tinggi |
| Djember | Penang | Tegal |
| Djokjakarta | Pontianak | Telek-Betong |
| Hongkong | Rangoon | Tjilatap |
| Kota-Radja | Samarang | Weltevreden |
| Makassar | Singapore | |
| Medan | Soerabaia | |

*London Bankers:*—
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ld.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. I. WYNBERG,
Acting Agent.

## THE BANK OF TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT OF CHINA, LIMITED

33 Nanking Road: Tel. Nos. 2393-4492.

Chartered By The Central Government, 1914
"THE PREMIER CHINESE BANK IN THE ORIENT."
Head Office: Peking
Authorised Capital ...$20,000,000.00
Subscribed Capital ... 14,000,000.00
Fully Paid Up Capital 4,000,000.00
Liabilities .....$10,000,000.00

Board of Directors:
Chairman: Mr. Wang Yi-tang, ex-Tartar General of Mongolian Frontier and now General Advisor to Yuan Shih-k'ai.
Vice-Chairman: Mr. Feng Ling-peh, President of the United Chamber of Commerce in Peking.
Mr. Chin Char, Chairman of the Bureau of Commerce and Labour of the Central Board of Commerce.
Mr. Tao Te-kuang, M. A., Cornell University, U.S.A., ex-Commissioner On Foreign Loans, now Commissioner on Currency Reform and Advisor on Finance to Li Yuan-hung.
Mr. Liu Ming-chee, Financier and Capitalist, Managing Director for the Chinese Frontier Trading Corporation.
BRANCHES and Sub-Branches in the provinces and Territories of China.

Bankers:
The Eastern Bank, Ltd., London.
National Bank of Commerce, New York.

FOREIGN AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | Manila | Seattle |
| Bangkok | Malta | Somarang |
| Batavia | Melbourne | Singapore |
| Benkolen | Milan | Soerabaya |
| Bombay | Moscow | Sydney |
| Calcutta | New York | Tokio |
| Cheribon | Osaka | Vladivostock |
| Hongkong | Padang | Wellington |
| Honolulu | Paris | Yokohama |
| London | Rangoon | |
| Macassar | San Francisco | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept in Tales and Dollars; interest allowed in Taels at 2½% per annum, in Dollars at 1½% per annum on the daily balance of over Taels or Dollars 200 respectively.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business, issues drafts and letters of credit on the above Branches and Agencies.

Advances made on approved securities and local bills discounted.

C. T. HSU, Manager.
Yusku Chen, Sub-Manager.

March 10, 1916.

## The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .....$60,000,000
Paid-up Capital .....$10,000,000

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang Moukden, Changchun, Harbin Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000
Head Office: Peking.
Fifty Branches and Agencies in China.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
5559.

## Commercial Bank of China

*Head Office:* SHANGHAI.

Subscribed Capital..Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital....Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum
For 6 months at 4% per annum
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager

## The Bank of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Authorised Capital ....M. $2,000,000
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital .....M. $1,357,884
Reserve Fund ..... M. $70,000

*Head Office:*
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

*Shanghai Office:* 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum
For 6 months at 4% per annum
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

IUKUUN,
Manager.

## Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Luchow for Hongkong:—Messrs. W. Alf, G. Ward, Alfred Alf, Wilfred Alf, Gordon Boyd, Dwight Campbell, Isaac Edwards, Horace Fulton, Samuel Selden and John Selden.

Per I.-C. s.s. Choysang for Swatow:—Mrs. G. H. Waters, Masters Herbert and Henry Waters, W. A. Bondfield and N. D. Bondfield. For Hongkong:—Mr. Thompson.

Per C.N. s.s. Tamsui for Swatow:—Messrs. Toslinghuff, and Ensign Pillsbury.

Per C.M. s.s. Haen for Foochow:—Mr. and Mrs. Hollister, Messrs. Anderson, E. K. Marow, Carls Brewster and Harold Brewster.

## Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 1 p.m.

## Siccawei Weather Report

18.—Fine hot weather in the Yangtze Valley. Low pressures in Western and South-western China with very loose barometric gradient almost everywhere.

19.—Cloudy but rather fine hot weather.

### Meteorological Readings

Monday, June 19, 1916.

| WEATHER. | 4 a.m. | 9 a.m. |
|---|---|---|
| Bar. at Centg., mm ..... | 754.88 | 754.96 |
| „ „ inches..... | 29.72 | 29.72 |
| Variation mm. for 24 h .. | †1.58 | †2.72 |
| Variation mm. for 12 h .. | †1.40 | -2.07 |
| Wind { Direction ..... | SE | SSE |
| Wind { Kilom per hour .. | 14 | 19 |
| Wind { Miles ..... | 6.7 | 11.8 |
| Temperature { Cen .... | 20°6 | 26°2 |
| Temperature { Fahr .... | 69.1 | 79.9 |
| Humidity: co ..... | 89 | 64 |
| Nebulosity: 5-10 ..... | 9 | 5 |
| Rainfall mm ..... | — | — |
| Rainfall inches ..... | — | — |

## 500,000 Unwed Women; Send Them To Wilds!

London, May 16.—Speaking before the Royal Statistical Society, Sir J. Athelstane Baines advocated the suggestion that after the war the 500,000 unmarried women in England be sent to colonies.

"It is a solution," he declared, "more palatable than one more recently proposed for Germany after the war by one of her numerous learned professors—namely, to let loose from the army a select, certificated body of eligible polygamists who would be respectively provided with equally numerous harems."

J. W. Nixon, lecturing before the same society upon the vital statistics of the war, said that the theory that war was having the effect of increasing the proportion of male births is now found to be groundless, as is also the war baby theory.

The serious effect which the war is having upon the vital statistics of the nation, he added is seen by the fact that the natural increase of population, which in 1913 was 377,000, fell in 1915 to 252,000.

## AMUSEMENTS

## THE Apollo THEATRE

*Programme for June 20th, 21st and 22nd.*

"THE NEW EXPLOITS OF ELAINE"
*THE GREAT MYSTERY FILM SERIAL.*
*Featuring Pearl White, Arnold Daly and Edwin Arden.*
*TONIGHT showing 16th and 17th Episodes, entitled:*
*"THE PIRATE OF THE AIR"*
*and*
*"THE TWO ELAINES"*
*Four Reels of the most fascinating Serial ever produced.*

*PATHE'S BRITISH AND FRENCH GAZETTES.*
*Depicting latest events of interest. President Poincare inspects the new heavy rapid firing artillery.*

*"PEN LAUGHS"*
*Comic Cartoon*

*"THE SNARING OF WIFFLES"*
*Comic scene by J. B. Turique.*

## VICTORIA THEATRE

*PROGRAMME*
*For 20th, 21st & 22nd June, 1916*

*"COWBOY EXPLOITS"*
*Interesting*

"Love's Intrigue"
*In 4 Parts*

*"ACCORDING TO SENIORITY"*
*Vitagraph Comedy*

*"HAT AND HAPPINESS"*
*Universal Comedy*

*"A LUCKY LEAP"*
*Keystone Comedy*

## LYCEUM THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, 23rd and 24th June

"The Seventh Wife"

A Musical Comedy
by
The Officers and Crew
of
U. S. S. Brooklyn

Booking now open at
S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
Proceeds to Charities

## St. George's Gardens

Bubbling Well

Visit the
Open-Air Cinema Theatre
and see a high-class picture programme under ideal conditions.
Every Evening 9.15 p.m.
Best Selected Films;
Latest War Gazettes.
For reservation of boxes or seats
Telephone WEST 802

## TOWA CINEMA THEATRE

*Corner of Woochang and Chapoo Roads*

*PROGRAMME*
*for Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 20th, 21st and 22nd June, 1916*

"LAST OF THE OLD MILL"
*A Powerful Drama in Two Parts.*

"THE TWO BATTLES"
*A Highly Amusing Comedy*

"POLIDOR AS FASHIONABLE WAITER"
*A Funny And Very Laughable Comic*

"DRIVER OF DEADWOOD COACH"
*Highly Interesting Comedy*
*Also Several Other First Class Comedies*

Dress Circle Seats .. ...30 Cents.

## OLYMPIC THEATRE

*PROGRAMME*
*For 20th, 21st and 22nd June, 1916*

*"THE LADY BLACK"*
*Comedy*

*"THE TWO CONSCIENCES"*
*Drama in three parts*

*"SOME ACTORS"*
*Comic*

*"SPECIAL WAR GRAPHIC"*

*"ONE, TWO, THREE"*
*Comedy*

*"MABEL AND FATTY'S WASH DAY"*
*Keystone Comedy*

You can 'phone your WANT AD. now.—Tel. 1432.

# GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

### FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

| Date | Time | Destination | Ship's Name | Flag | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 26 | .. | New York via Panama | St. Bede | Br. | Dodwell |
| " 27 | .. | Tacoma | Manila maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 28 | .. | San Francisco etc. | Hazel Dollar | Am. | Dollar & Co. |
| July 2 | 10.30* | Seattle, Wash. | Sado maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 2 | P.M. | San Francisco | China | Am | C. M. S. S. Co. |
| " 4 | P.M. | Vancouver B.C. | Monteagle | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 5 | .. | Tacoma | Nanking maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 12 | .. | New York via Panama | Toyooka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 14 | P.M. | Vancouver B.C. | Empress of Russia | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 16 | noon | Seattle, Wash. | Awa maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 21 | P.M. | San Francisco | Tenyo maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |
| " 22 | .. | Boston & New York | Mumcaster Castle | Br. | Dodwell |
| " 24 | noon | Seattle, Wash. | Shidzuoka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| Sept. 8 | P.M. | San Fancisco | China | Am. | C. M. S. S. Co. |

### FOR JAPAN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 20 | 4.00* | Nagasaki, Moji etc. | Yawata maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 22 | .. | Moji, Kobe | Kumano maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 23 | 3.00 | Nagasaki | Penza | Rus. | R. V. F. |
| " 24 | 4.00* | Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe | Hakuai maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| July 4 | P.M. | Kobe, Yokohama | Atlantique | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 4 | P.M. | Moji, Kobe etc. | Monteagle | Br. | C.P.O.S. |
| " 21 | 5.00 | Nagasaki, Kobe etc. | Tenyo maru | Jap. | A. T. Co. |

### FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 22 | D.L. | Liverpool via Cape | Eurybates | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | 3.00 | Marseilles via Suez | Magellan | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 25 | 9.30* | Marseilles via Suez | Nyanza | Br. | P. & O |
| " 27 | .. | Marseilles, London | Carmarthenshire | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| July .. | | London, Marseilles via Cape | Kashima maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 5 | D.L. | London via Cape | Antiochus | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 5 | P.M. | Marseilles etc. | Andre Lebon | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 10 | D.L. | London via Cape | Priam | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 10 | 9.30* | Marseilles, London via Suez | Nellore | Br. | P. & O. |
| " 15 | | London, etc via Cape | Mishima maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 18 | D.L. | London via Cape | Phemius | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 19 | P.M. | Marseilles via Suez | Atlantique | Fr. | Cie M. M. |
| " 23 | P.M. | London, etc via Cape | Suwa maru | Jad. | N. Y. K. |
| " 24 | 9.30* | Marseilles, London via Suez | Nankin | Br. | P. & O. |

### FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 20 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Sinkiang | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 20 | P.M. | Ningpo, Wenchow | Kwangchi | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 21 | A.M. | Hongkong, Canton | Taishun | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 22 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Yingchow | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | P.M. | Hongkong | Persia maru | Jap | A. T. Co. |
| " 22 | | Takao, Formosa | Keelung maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 24 | P.M. | Hongkong | Monteagle | Br. | C. P. O. S. |
| " 25 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Shantung | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 27 | D.L. | Hongkong, Canton | Chenan | Br. | B. & S. |
| July 4 | .. | Hongkong | Shidzuoka maru | Jap. | N. Y. K. |

### FOR NORTHERN PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 20 | 3.00 | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Tungchow | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 0 | 2.00 | Dalny direct | Sakaki maru | Jap. | S. M. R. |
| " 21 | noon | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Koonshing | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 20 | noon | Chefoo, Tientsin | Hsinming | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 20 | A.M. | Chefoo, Newchwang | Anping | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 22 | 10.00* | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Fengtien | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 22 | D.L. | Antung | Chungking | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 2 | D.L. | Newchwang, Antung | Yunnan | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 23 | D.L. | Tientsin, Direct | Kwangping | Br. | K. M. A. |
| " 23 | 3.00 | Vladivostock | Penza | Rus. | R. V. F. |
| " 25 | 4.00 | Tsingtao and Dalny | Kobe maru | Jap. | S. M. R. |
| " 24 | D.L. | Newchwang | Paoting | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | D.L. | Haichow, Eching | Kwangse | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 27 | 3.00 | Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin | Shuntien | Br. | B. & S. |

### FOR RIVER PORTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 19 | M.N. | Hankow, etc. | Nanyang maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 20 | M.N. | do | Luenyi | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 20 | M.N. | do | Tuckwo | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 20 | M.N. | do | Tehhsing | Br. | Geddes & Co. |
| " 21 | M.N. | do | Kiangkwan | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 21 | M.N. | do | Poyang | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 21 | M.N. | do | Talee maru | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 23 | M.N. | do | Tungting | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 24 | M.N. | do | Ngankin | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 27 | M.N. | do | Wuchang | Br. | B. & S. |

* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight

## Arrivals

| Date | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 18 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | 2868 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| June 18 | Ningpo | Hsin Ningshae | 2151 | Chi. | N.S.N. Co. | NSCW |
| June 19 | Foochow | Hsinming | 1428 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 19 | Dalny | Sakaki maru | 1346 | Jap. | S. M. R. | WW |
| June 19 | Chinwangtao | Kwangping | 1244 | Br. | K. M. A. | KMAW |
| June 19 | Hongkong | Taishun | 1216 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 9 | Hankow | Nanyang maru | 1968 | Jap. | N. K. K. | NYKW |
| June 19 | Hankow | Poyang | 1892 | Br. | B. & S. | CNW |
| June 19 | Japan | Kumano mara | 3154 | Jap. | N. Y. K. | WSW |
| June 19 | Hankow | Kiangkwan | 1450 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 19 | Hongkong | Yingchow | 1216 | Br. | B. & S. | WTW |
| June 19 | Hongkong | Wosang | 1127 | Br. | J. M. & Co. | |
| June 19 | Japan | Eurybates | | Br. | B. & S. | |
| June 19 | Chefoo | Fengtien | 1073 | Br. | B. & S. | |

## Departures

| Date | For | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| June 18 | Amoy, Swatow | Tamsui | 919 | Br. | J. M. & Co. |
| " 18 | | Atsuta maru | 1847 | Jap. | K. M. A. |
| " 18 | Japan | Chikugo maru | 1446 | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 18 | Sumitnoye | Fujisan maru | 1276 | Jap. | M. B. K. |
| " 18 | Matsushima | Genzan maru | 1140 | Jap. | M. B. K. |
| " 18 | Foochow | Haean | 837 | Chi. | C. M. S. N. Co |
| " 18 | Newchwang | Ichang | 1227 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 18 | | Irene | 526 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 18 | Europe | Katori maru | 6161 | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 18 | Hongkong, Canton | Luchow | 1216 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 18 | Yokohama | Nippon | 2521 | Sw. | E. A. C. |
| " 18 | Cruise | Store Nordiake | 596 | Dan. | G.-N. T. Co. |
| " 18 | Hankow etc. | Tachang maru | 1369 | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 18 | Hankow etc. | Tatung | 1882 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 18 | Chinnampo | Unkai maru | 1478 | Jap. | M. B. K. |
| " 19 | Hankow etc. | Hsinfung | 1385 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. |
| " 19 | Japan | Mishima maru | 492 | Jap. | N. Y. K. |
| " 19 | Dairen | Joshin maru | 602 | Jap. | N. K. K. |
| " 19 | Wakamatzu | Yodo maru | 1350 | Jap. | F. & Co |
| " 19 | Ningpo | Hsin Peking | 2868 | Br. | B. & S. |
| " 19 | Ningpo | Hsin Ningshao | 2151 | Chi. | N. S. N. Co. |

## Men-of-War In Port

| Section | Date | From | Name | Flag and Rating | Tons | Guns | Men | Commander |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 p. | June 15 | Cruise | Ajax | Am Aux. | 800 | | 80 | Lundberg |
| B II | April 8 | Cruise | Brooklyn** | Am cru. | 9215 | 20 | 500 | Day |
| P & O E I | June 5 | Cruise | Cincinnati | Am cru. | 3213 | 17 | 293 | Fewel |
| Y T P D | June 3 | Cruise | Palos | Am g-b. | | | | Cake |

**Flagship, Far Eastern Squadron.
Admiral A. H. Winterhalter in command.
The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

## Vessels Loading

### For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangkwan, Capt. C. B. Conley, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru, Captain T. Honjo, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Thursday, June 22 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

### For Southern Ports

WENCHOW via NINGPO:—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. A. P. Sangster, will leave on Tuesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG and Canton.—The Str. Taishun, Capt. O. Westerlund, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

TAKAO (Formosa) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Captain K. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtzsepoo wharf on 22nd inst. For Freight or Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, Agents, No. 5, The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HONGKONG.—The s.s. Persia Maru, will be despatched on Thursday, June 22. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

### For Northern Ports

CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinming, Capt. R. Y. Paramore, will leave on Tuesday noon. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

CHEFOO and NEWCHANG.—The Str. Anping, Capt. W. R. Wallace, will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Possage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

### For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

### For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## Shipping Items

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. Shenking left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihaiwei and Chefoo on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Shangtung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.-C. s.s. Namsang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Kwongsang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The M.M. ss. Atlantique with the French mails of May 28 left Colombo for Shanghai on Friday, June 16, and may be expected to arrive at Woosung on Monday, July 3.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Tydeus left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday afternoon.

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services', s.s. Empress of Russia sailed from Vancouver, B. C. on Thursday, the 15th, instant, and is due to arrive at Yokohama on Monday the 26th instant.

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services,' s.s. Empress of Asia arrived at Nagasaki at 8 a.m. on Sunday, the 18th instant, sailed for Kobe at 4 p.m., and was due to arrive at the latter port at 4 p.m. yesterday.

The T.K.K. s.s. Persia Maru for Hongkong is appointed to sail from Nagasaki on the today, and may be expected to arrive at Woosung at 6 a.m. on the 22nd. She will be despatched as above on the 22nd and the tender conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. on the same day.

## Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

| Arrived | From | Ship's Name | Tons | Flag | Agents | Berth |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nov 14 | Hankow | Albenga | 2769 | Ger. | Carlowitz | USA |
| June 17 | Amoy | Anping | 1159 | Chi. | C. M. S. N. Co. | KLYW |
| Aug 4 | Hongkong | Bohemia | 4282 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | B VII |
| June 15 | Japan | Brodmead | 3616 | Br. | | OWSB |
| Aug 5 | Hongkong | China | 8868 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | CMKW |
| June 1 | Amoy | Chiyuen | 2111 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| Aug 8 | Hongkong | D. Rickmers | 2651 | Ger. | H. D. & Co. | USA |
| Apr 14 | Hongkong | Elesabeth | 4131 | Nor. | Wallem & Co. | B. IV |
| Dec 27 | Nanking | Fortuna | 182 | Ger. | H. D. & Co | 10 p |
| June 11 | Japan | Fumi maru | 1569 | Jap. | Satob Shokai | USB |
| May 30 | Foochow | Hsinkong | 1287 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co | KLYW |
| June 18 | Hankow | Hanping | 981 | Chi. | H.Y.P.I. & Co | HYPW |
| June 14 | Japan | Itsukushima maru | 2809 | Jap. | A. T. Co. | 10 p |
| Apr 22 | Hongkong | Kwangtee | 4681 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| May 23 | Hankow | Kinling | 2511 | Br. | B. & S. | CNWP |
| May 26 | Hankow | Kiangyung | 1451 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 11 | Hankow | Kiangyu | 1490 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 14 | New York | Kioto | 4030 | Jap. | M. B. K. | SOCW |
| June 16 | Wenchow | Kwangchi | 1205 | Chi. | C.M.S.N. Co. | KLYW |
| June 7 | Chefoo | Koonshing | 1393 | Br. | J. M. & Co. | SHW |
| June 9 | Hankow | Luenyi | 1735 | Br. | B. & S. | CNCW |
| July 16 | Hankow | Meidah | 1682 | Ger. | Melchers | NGLB 1 |
| July 30 | Hankow | Mellee | 1682 | Ger. | Melchers | NGLB 1 |
| June 2 | Hankow | Meifoo | 406 | Am. | S. Oil Co | SOCW |
| June 7 | Hankow | Melan | 461 | Am. | S. Oil Co. | HYPW |
| May 24 | Cruise | Pacific | 727 | Dan. | G. N. T. Co | 9 p |
| July 30 | Tsingtao | Sikiang | 1840 | Ger. | H. A. L. | Int D W |
| July 30 | Hongkong | Silesia | 5446 | Aus. | Aus. Lloyd | S VIII |
| Dec 16 | Yangtse | Shuhsun | 495 | Chi. | S. N. Co | KNDW |
| June 16 | New York | St. Bede | | Br. | Dodwell | |
| June 16 | Hankow | Siangyang maru | 1984 | Jap. | N. K. K. | NYKW |
| June 18 | Japan | Sapporo maru | 1537 | Jap. | Satoh Shokai | |
| June 18 | Hongkong | Sinkiang | 1616 | Br. | B. & S. | WTW |
| June 17 | Chefoo | Tungchow | 1263 | Br. | B. & S. | CNW |
| June 17 | Hankow | Tafoo maru | 1756 | Jap. | N. K. K. | LPDW |
| June 17 | Hankow | Tseangtah | 475 | Br. | C. I. & E.L. Co. | 10 p |
| June 18 | Hankow | Tehhsing | 968 | Br. | Geddes & Co. | NSCW |
| June 18 | Hankow | Tuckwo | 2355 | Br. | J. M. & Co. | HW |
| June 1 | Japan | Yawata maru | 2159 | Jap. | N. Y. K. | NYKW |
| June 17 | Japan | Yumihari maru | 553 | Jap. | M. B. K. | MBKW |

## Passengers Arrived

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dalny:—Mr. and Mrs. P. Callman, Mr. Charles J. Walfe, Mr. E. D. Huntsen, Mr. T. Kasi, Mr. Gondynsky, Mr. H. Terada, Mr. T. Ozawa, Mr. Sanelin, Mr. M. Sakai, Mrs. T. Ouidzuka, Mr. M. Miura, Mrs. H. Miura, Mr. K. Idzumi.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Mishima Maru from Hongkong:—Mr. L. de Luca, Mr. Pergrand, Mr. T. T. Cockrane, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. G. den Tex, Mr. J. McAinsh, Mr. G. A. Gegg, Mr. and Mrs. E. Wooky, Dr. W. H. Massey, Rev. J. Marticorena, Rev. T. Cueva, Mr. Y. M. Kum, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jo Surman and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Freymaun and child, Mr. J. A. Lawson, Mr. H. M. Figueiredo. In Transit:—Dr. Graca Ozario, Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Sanders and child, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. V. Jorge, Mrs. Alvares and child, Mr. Lam Sing, Mr. Lieng Yok-wa, Mr. Wong Jor-ting, Mr. S. H. Bathrala, Mr. H. Blumberg, Mr. P. S. H. Boeban, Mrs. F. Clark, Mr. H. F. Bunge, Mr. H. Lewis, Mr. H. C. Lowick, Mr. Henderson, Mr. N. L. Railton, Mr. V. A. Hearne, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Hillyer, Mr. F. Villanusva, Mr. Groen Leon, Mr. and Mrs. Hass and 3 children, Mr. C. A. de Veilo, Mr. and Mrs. George and child, Mr. C. W. Granger, Mr. C. A. Nevin.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking, from Ningpo:—Mrs. Taller.

Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang from Hongkong:—Mrs. McIntyre, Messrs. Cary, Symms, Jadelins and Fhrhardt.

Per Goddes and Co.'s s.s. Teh Hsing from Hankow:—Mrs. Gaedstien, Mrs. Dunne.

Per I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow:—Mr. and Mrs. Morton Cameron, Mrs. Thomas, Messrs. Vander, Slagan, Morrison and Crank.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from Hankow:—Mr. J. B. Southmayd.

Per C.N. s.s. Yingchow from Hongkong:—Mr. G. de Placon, Miss A. E. Job, Mrs. C. H. W. Aitken, Mr. Wong Yin-chun, Mr. Ng Chin, Messrs. F. C. Fay and J. Yao.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinming from Foochow:—Mrs. Gadd, Mr. Lullerman, Mr. Fukano, Mr. Kai Chun, and Mr. Shen.

Per C.N. s.s. Poyang from Hankow:—Mr. & Mrs. R. C. W. Davis & child, Mr. and Mrs. W. Olandff, Mr. and Mrs. Cole, Mrs. Harston, and Sir R. Breddon.

Per C.M s.s. Kiangkwan from Hankow:—Mr. Lindstrom.


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| | | |
|---|---|---|
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| Empress of Russia | Sept. | 8 |
| Empress of Japan | Sept. | 22 |
| Empress of Asia | Oct. | 6 |
| Empress of Russia | Nov. | 3 |

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| S.S. | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July 21 |
| " | "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Aug. 18 |
| " | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Oct. 7 |
| " | "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Nov. 4 |
| " | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Dec. 22 |

*From Nagasaki to San Francisco*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. | "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | July 11 |
| " | "NIPPON MARU" | 11,000 tons | Aug. 8 |
| " | "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | Sept. 26 |
| " | "NIPPON MARU" | 11,000 tons | Oct. 24 |
| " | "PERSIA MARU" | 9,000 tons | Dec. 12 |

*Fran Nagasagi to Manila*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July 2 |
| " | "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | July 30 |
| " | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Sept. 16 |
| " | "SHINYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Oct. 14 |
| " | "TENYO MARU" | 22,000 tons | Dec. 9 |

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# Defence, Not Aggression, Is Purpose of Paris Conference Says Delegate From Belgium

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 17.—The allied economic conference closed today. The resolutions adopted will be published in all allied countries on June 21, but this may be said, accordiny to the French papers, that the following conclusions were reached:

(1) The prohibition already expressed regarding all trade between subjects of the allied powers and members of the enemy coalition must be absolute.

(2) Means must be provided henceforth for the industrial rebuilding of the regions which have suffered through the war, by means of a liberal exchange of handiwork, capital, industrial equipment and raw material.

(3) The system of treaties of commerce prevailing before the war must be transformed radically.

Chevalier de Brocqueville, the Belgian Minister of War, delivering the closing speech, said that capital work had been accomplished by the conference, not in an aggressive, but in a defensive spirit.

It had been falsely asserted that the conference was preparing a warlike union for after the war. This was a great mistake.

No war could arise from an understanding being reached among defenders of the right. What was really in preparation was a preservative and salutary union against war.

For two years, a nightmare had oppressed the world. An evil genius had succeeded in magisterially organizing force to make it later the servant of crime. "Conscious of our duty towards the generations to come, we shall unite together, in order to make power a faithful and austere guardian of liberty."

The objects of the conference were legitimate expiation by the guilty and security for the honest states. The conference had given the most encouraging proofs of mutual tolerance and desire for agreement and the delegates had unanimously adopted principles which would, in future, regulate their organisation with a view to a common end.

In conclusion, the Belgian Premier paid a tribute of admiration to France, who had first thought of instituting such a conference.

The proceedings closed with a cordial vote of thanks to M. Clementel, the President of the conference and to the French Government.

**Delegates' Opinions**

M. Pobrowsky, the General Comptroller of the Russian Empire and delegate to the conference, said to a reporter of Le Petit Parisien: "The Allies' union, which, up to the present, has been purely military, will, henceforth, have an economic object. Valuing the happy consequences of the said union, neutral Powers will realise that their interest, as well as their security, induce them to join the Allies and disallow all alliance with the German nations."

The Marquis of Crewe, the British delegate, declared: "I am convinced that, when the measures outlined by us in a mutual spirit of fraternal understanding are taken and when the principles of action adopted become facts, they will win the approving suffrages of the allied peoples, as well as of neutral countries."

Senhor da Costa, the Portuguese Minister of Finance, said that the conference has laid down principles of immense worth—those of effective mutual help between all whose interests are injured or jeopardized by the commercial tyranny of the Central Empires. Consequently, neutrals themselves will share in the benefits of the conference.

# Business and Official Notices


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|---|---|
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| ,, ,, (Ivorine ,, ) | 5.00 |

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## Hypocrites Are Here; Police Will See Them

### Dean Walker to Advise; They Are On a Film Masterpiece With a High Moral

You may have noticed in our paper for some time back boxed and pointed inquiries like the following:

**Are You a Hypocrite?**

Several subscribers in hopes of fathoming the mystery have written in admitting that they were hypocrites and asking what the joke was. We made no answer because the time was not yet ripe. Having carefully thumped the time however, we have decided that it is at last mature. From this repeated and searching inquiry dangles a tail. Harken unto it.

Hypocrites is the name of a 5-reel movie allegory brought to Shanghai by Mr. Mike Newman, the well-known amusement man. The picture is a Bosworth masterpiece with a high moral. The reason that it hasn't already been shown in Shanghai is that there has been a controversy concerning the exhibition of the picture between Mr. Newman and officials of our police force. The police aren't certain that it is just the sort of picture for Shanghai to look at, though it is said on good authority that several well known officials sat with bated breath during private showings of the film.

"But," asks a puzzled reader, "why should the police object to our seeing a picture with a moral?"

The police, puzzled reader, are uncertain in their minds about the way this moral is presented. One of the principal characters in the allegory is Truth. Truth, as is well known, is sometimes referred to as The Naked Truth. The producers of this allegory were artists, therefore but one course was open. They chose Miss Margaret Edwards for the part of Truth and when it came to dressing her for the part—they didn't.

Throughout the five reels, whenever it becomes necessary to the plot that Truth appear, Miss Margaret comes into the picture with nothing on whatever but a charming smile and a most fascinating collection of curves.

That is the point the police officials have been undecided over. Dame Rumor has it that one of the men sent by the captain superintendent to examine the films had his mind so distracted by the repeated appearances in the picture of Truth that when he was asked what the moral of the picture was he could only say that he forgot to notice.

Mr. Newman returned recently from the north and asked whether he would be allowed to show Hypocrites in Shanghai. He found the watch-dogs of our morals still uncertain. Yesterday he insisted on some decision so a compromise was affected. It was this:

This afternoon the Very Rev. Dean A. J. Walker and Capt. A. H. Hilton-Johnson, assistant superintendent of police, are to be given a private showing of the film. On their decision Captain Superintendent McEuen will announce whether the curves of Miss Edwards outweigh the moral of the picture and will grant or refuse permission for the picture to be shown in the Settlement.

The picture has created a vast sensation wherever it has been shown. Here is what Mr Norman Hapgood said about it in Harper's Weekly:

"The National Board of Censors passed this film, and with enthusiasm; but in impregnable virtue it cannot equal the official censors of localities. The Judge in Brieux's Maternity grinds down human aspiration and human instinct, but he praises God that he has none of the liberality he admits may exist in larger cities."

## French Chamber Hears Explanation of Verdun

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 16.—The French Chamber had a secret session, today, in order to allow the Government to give a full explanation of its policy and especially of the preparations made to meet the German attack at Verdun.

## CLAN LINER'S ACCIDENT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 18.—The liner Clan Ross (5,971 tons), outward bound, collided with a coal-elevator at Birkenhead. A fire broke out in the fore-hold, where the cargo mainly consisted of sulphur. Eventually, she was successfully docked.

## THE SEVENTH WIFE

The U.S.S. Brooklyn's musical comedy "The Seventh Wife" is coming along nicely and is fulfilling the expectations of the author and stage manager. The costumes are finished and Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co. have obtained their usual excellent results in that regard; as to the donning of this dainty feminine apparel by the chorus of jolly tars—well, 'tis a problem doubtlessly appreciated by those more experienced in the intricacies of the art.

Rehearsals are being conducted every afternoon at the Lyceum; the final and full dress rehearsal will take place on Thursday.

In view of the fact that the Cincinnati and Palos probably will be in port for both performances, the charities for which the play is being produced promise to be quite substantially benefitted.

## LONDON'S VOLUNTEERS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 18.—Field Marshal Viscount French today reviewed in Hyde Park 10,000 London Volunteers, who are over the regulation age, but who have been recently recognised by the War Office.

## NEW ZEALAND FINANCES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Wellington, June 17.—The Budget shows a surplus of £2,000,000. £3,250,000 will be invested by the New Zealand Government in Imperial Treasury Bills.

## DUTCH FOOD RIOTS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 17.—Disturbances continue at Amsterdam and Rotterdam owing to the dearness of food due to the export of food-stuffs to Germany. The green-grocers of Amsterdam have decided to close their shops from the 19th, in order to force the Government to prohibit the export of vegetables.

## NANKING WINS AGAIN

**Defeats U.S.S. Quiros By 9 To 5 In Season's Last Game**

*Special Correspondence of The China Press*

Nanking, June 17.—Nanking closed the baseball season here this afternoon by defeating the U.S.S. Quiros 9-5. The tars were a little off color and did not show the form they exhibited lately in the 23-7 game with the Villalobos and 6-2 victory from the Wilmington. Neal started the game for the Quiros but was forced to retire in the sixth in favor of Sullivan. McCloy pitched a steady game and had things all his own way except for one bad inning, the third, when four runs were scored on two walks, three singles and Gish's error.

The season has been a successful one considering the lack of practice and the irregularity with which the squad has reported. In all twenty-two games were played. Nanking won 14 and lost 8. The teams played have been Nanking University, Shanghai, U.S.S. Quiros, U.S.S. Elcano, U.S.S. Villalobos, and U.S.S. Wilmington. With the exception of the Shanghai game and one game in the series with the Villalobos the scores have been close and the games exciting. The home team proved strong with the stick and in only one game was held to less than four runs.

The lineup in this afternoon's game was as follows:

| Nanking: | Quiros: |
|---|---|
| Gish, 2b. | Hair, r.f. |
| Day, s.s. | Doyle, 2b, c. |
| Price, l.f. | Kinsman, s.s. |
| Dadisman, c. | Meyers, c.f. |
| Woods, c.f. | Schnoor, 1b. |
| Magee, 1b. | Glover, l.f. |
| Price, r.f. | Stevenson, 3b. |
| Han, 3b. | Sullivan, c., p. |
| McCloy, p. | Neal, p., 2b. |

Score by innings:—

| | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nanking ....0 2 1 2 0 2 1 1 0 = | 9 | 12 | 3 |
| Quiros .....0 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 0 = | 5 | 8 | 5 |

## Cricket

**Maxims beat "A" Company**

In the evening series of cricket matches, played on Friday and yesterday, the Maxim Company, S.V.C., who turned out quite a formidable team, had an easy win over "A" Company, by 95 to 45. Stagg's 41 not out was the best score and most of the bowling, on both sides, was above the average. The scores follow:

**Maxim Co.**

| | |
|---|---|
| A. E. Lanning, c. Cameron, b. Billings | 17 |
| W. J. Hawkings, c. Cameron, b. Billings | 15 |
| L. R. Wheen, b. Milner | 0 |
| C. L. W. Bailey, b. Billings | 3 |
| D. Campbell, b. Milner | 3 |
| E. W. Stagg, not out | 41 |
| C .S Cheetham, run out | 3 |
| B. L. Cheetham, c. Cooke, b. Milner | 0 |
| E. J. Thorpe, b. Billings | 7 |
| I. A. Donnelly, b. Billings | 0 |
| G. C. Ross, b. Billings | 0 |
| Extras | 6 |
| Total | 95 |

**Bowling Analysis**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| G. M. Billings | 11 | – | 36 | 6 |
| F. Milner | 9 | – | 45 | 3 |
| W. J. Monk | 1 | – | 8 | – |

**"A" Co.**

| | |
|---|---|
| F. Milner, b. Hawkings | 1 |
| J. H. Teesdale, run out | 0 |
| A. J. Daniels, b. Lanning | 10 |
| W. J. Monk, b. Lanning | 10 |
| T. R. Macdonald, b. Hawkings | 2 |
| D. H. Cooke, b. Hawkings | 2 |
| H. E. Brewer, b. Hawkings | 6 |
| J. E. Cameron, c. Walker, b. Hawkings | 0 |
| C. A. Momber, c. Ross, b. Hawkings | 2 |
| W. N. Scott, not out | 9 |
| G. M. Billings, did not bat. | |
| Extras | 3 |
| Total | 45 |

**Bowling Analysis**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A. E. Lanning | 8 | 4 | 20 | 2 |
| W. J. Hawkings | 7.2 | 1 | 22 | 6 |

## Big League Baseball

*Standings of May 30*

**National League**

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 20 | 11 | 645 |
| New York | 18 | 13 | 581 |
| Philadelphia | 19 | 15 | 559 |
| Boston | 16 | 16 | 500 |
| Cincinnati | 19 | 21 | 475 |
| Chicago | 18 | 21 | 462 |
| Pittsburg | 16 | 21 | 432 |
| St. Louis | 16 | 23 | 410 |

**American League**

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Washington | 24 | 12 | 667 |
| Cleveland | 23 | 14 | 622 |
| New York | 19 | 14 | 576 |
| Boston | 18 | 18 | 500 |
| Chicago | 16 | 19 | 457 |
| Detroit | 16 | 21 | 432 |
| Philadelphia | 14 | 20 | 412 |
| St. Louis | 13 | 23 | 361 |

Note: The New York Giants are making a remarkable record. They lost 13 out of the first 15 games they played. They struck a winning streak and, as shown above, have won 16 straight.

## Golf

The following is the result of the monthly cup competition of the Shanghai Golf Club played on Saturday and Sunday. Conditions: 18 Holes; Medal; Club Handicaps:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. W. Mackay | 89 | 10 | 79 Tie |
| E. G. Tait | 97 | 18 | 79 ,, |
| C. Selby-Moore | 88 | 7 | 81 |
| F. S. Gibbings | 91 | 10 | 81 |
| Sir H. de Sausmarez | 91 | 8 | 83 |
| H. F. Bell | 101 | 18 | 83 |

33 Cards were taken out.

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## TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
## TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)
November 1st, 1915, and until further notice

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mail 3 | Mail 5 | Miles | | | | Mail 102 | Mail 4 |
| 8.30 | 16.38 | 0 | dep. Peking | | arr. | 8.44 | 18.55 |
| 11.25 | 9.10 | | arr. Tientsin-Central | | dep. | 5.08 | 15.58 |
| 11.35 | 19.17 | 82 | dep. Tientsin-Central | | arr. | 5.03 | 15.53 |
| | | | | | | Mond. & Thursd. | |
| 11.45 | 19.25 | | arr. Tientsin-East | | dep. | 4.55 | 15.45 |
| Mail 102 | Mail 2 | | | | | Mail 1 | Mail 101 |
| Sund. & Wed. | Fridays | | | Peking-Mukden Line | | | |
| 9.35 | 0.01 | 0 | dep. Mukden | | arr. | 21.00 | 19.27 |
| Mond. & Thursd. | | | | | | | |
| 4.45 | 18.27 | | arr. Tientsin-East | | dep. | 1 25 | 1.25 |
| 4 .55 | 18.34 | 434 | dep. Tientsin-East | | arr. | 1.10 | 1.10 |
| | | | | | | Thursd. | Tuesd. & Saturd. |
| 5.03 | 18.41 | | arr. Tientsin-Central | | dep. | 1.01 | 1.01 |

| Local | Mail | | | | | Mail | Local |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| S. | 3 | | | | | 4 | S |
| 7.39 | 12.30 | | 0 | dep. Tientsin-East | arr. | 15.32 | 19.56 |
| 7.49 | 12.49 | | 2.71 | arr. Tientsin-Central | dep. | 15.22 | 19.46 |
| 8.00 | 13.00 | | | dep. Tientsin-Central | arr. | 15.02 | 19.26 |
| 11.43 | 16.30 | | 73 | dep. Tsangchow | dep. | 11.57 | 15.23 |
| 15.12 | 19.33 | | 149 | dep. Tochow | dep. | 9.17 | 12.13 |
| 18.16 | 22.41 | | | arr. Tsinanfu | dep. | 6.30 | 9.00 |
| 7 | | | | | | | P |
| 7.30 | 23.61 | | 221 | dep. Tsinanfu | arr. | 6.10 | 17.42 |
| 10.09 | 1.28 | | 266 | dep. Taianfu | dep. | 3 56 | 15.12 |
| 12.30 | 3.49 | | 319 | arr. Yenchowfu | dep. | 1.04 | 12.41 |
| 13.45 | 3.59 | | 373 | dep. Yenchowfu | arr. | 0.54 | 12.26 |
| 15.26 | 6.55 | | | dep. Linchong | dep. | 22.00 | 10.02 |
| 17.46 | 9.03 | | 421 | arr. Hsuchowfu | dep. | 19.38 | 7.40 |
| 9 | | | | | | | 10 |
| 6.00 | 9.23 | | | dep. Hsuchowfu | arr. | 19.15 | 2 .50 |
| 11.30 | 13.18 | | | arr. Pengpu | dep. | 14.52 | 15.25 |
| 11.50 | 13.28 | | 523 | dep. Pengpu | arr. | 14.42 | 14.18 |
| 18.02 | 17.07 | | 691 | dep. Chuchow | dep. | 11.11 | 8.51 |
| 19.53 | 18.23 | | 6-2 | arr. Pukow | dep. | 9.45 | 6.50 |
| Exp. | Exp. | | | | | Exp. | Fast |
| | | | | dep. Nanking Ferry | Shanghai arr. | 7.05 | |
| 23.00 | 23.00 | | 0 | dep. Nanking | Nanking dep. | 7.00 | 15.04 |
| 7.00 | 7.10 | | 193 | arr. Shanghai | Line dep. | 23.00 | 7.35 |

| Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line | | | | | Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8.45 | 14.00 | dep. Yenchowfu | arr. | 7.18 | 11.48 | 11.20 | 17.3 | dep. Lincheng arr. | 8.08 | 14.38 |
| 9.43 | 15.03 | arr. Tsiningchow | dep. | 6.15 | 10.45 | 12.28 | 18.28 | arr. Tsochuang dep. | 7.00 | 13.3 |

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order,
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November 1915.

## SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

(Main Line)

**Shanghai To Nanking—Up** / **Nanking To Shanghai—Down**

| STATIONS. | 1 Fast R | 3 Local | 5 2 & 4 Class | 7 Local | 9 Express R | 11 Local | 13 Local | 15 Night Express R.S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
| SHANGHAI NORTH ..dep. | 7.35 | | 9.00 | 10.20 | 1.05 | 3.45 | 5.30 | 11.00 |
| Nansigan.. .. .. | 8.08 | | 9.31 | 10.56 | 1.26 | 4.08 | 6.00 | |
| Kunshan .. .. | 8.53 | | 10.33 | 11.52 | | 4.54 | 7.00 | A.M. |
| SOOCHOW arr. | 9.40 | | 11.34 | 12.48 | 2.37 | 5.49 | 8.05 | 1.00 |
| SOOCHOW dep. | 9.50 | | 11.44 | | 2.45 | 5.59 | | 1.10 |
| WUSIH .. arr. | 10.40 | | 12.58 | | 3.27 | 7.03 | | 2.09 |
| WUSIH .. dep. | 10.50 | | 1.03 | | 3.37 | 7.08 | | 2.19 |
| CHANGCHOW arr. | 11.40 | | 2.05 | | 4.18 | 8.07 | | 3.14 |
| CHANGCHOW dep. | 11.50 | 6.50 | 2.13 | | 4.25 | | | 3.24 |
| TANYANG .. arr. | 12.45 | 8.00 | 3.19 | | 5.10 | | | |
| TANYANG .. dep. | 12.48 | 8.08 | 3.22 | | 5.11 | | | |
| CHINKIANG arr. | 1.25 | 8.52 | 4.14 | | 5.41 | | | 5.14 |
| CHINKIANG dep. | 1.33 | 9.02 | 4.24 | | 5.51 | | | 5.24 |
| NANKING .. arr. | 3.04 | 11.00 | 6.13 | | 7.00 | | | 7.00 |
| Nanking Ferry .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | *7.05 |

| STATIONS. | 2 Fast R | 4 Local | 6 Local | 8 2 & 4 Class | 10 Express R | 12 Local | 14 Local | 16 Night Express R.S. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
| Nanking Ferry ..dep. | .. | | | .. | .. | | .. | .. |
| NANKING .. ..dep. | 7.30 | | | 8.25 | 1.20 | | 3.50 | 11.00 |
| | | | | | | | | A.M. |
| CHINKIANG.. arr. | 8.57 | | | 10.23 | 2.37 | | 5.49 | 0.46 |
| CHINKIANG.. dep. | 9.07 | | | 10.33 | 2.47 | | 5.59 | 1.00 |
| TANYANG .. arr. | 9.46 | | | 11.24 | 3.20 | | 6.50 | |
| TANYANG .. dep. | 9.49 | | | 11.27 | 3.21 | | 6.53 | |
| CHANGCHOW arr. | 10.47 | | | 12.43 | 4.09 | | 8.00 | 2.33 |
| CHANGCHOW dep. | 10.57 | | 7.10 | 1.05 | 4.19 | | | 2.16 |
| WUSIH .. arr. | 11.46 | | 8.14 | 2.19 | 4.59 | | | 4.11 |
| WUSIH .. dep. | 11.56 | | 8.24 | 2.29 | 5.09 | | | 4.21 |
| SOOCHOW .. arr. | 12.47 | | 9.22 | 3.42 | 6.04 | | | 5.14 |
| SOOCHOW .. dep. | 12.57 | 7.35 | 9.41 | 3.52 | 6.04 | 2.40 | | 5.24 |
| Kunshan .. .. | 1.41 | 8.25 | 10.40 | 4.58 | | 3.25 | | |
| Nansiang .. .. | 2.03 | 8.59 | 11.50 | 5.59 | | 4.09 | | 6.41 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr. | 2.58 | 9.55 | 12.16 | 6.27 | 7.35 | 4.36 | | 7.00 |

R. Restaurant Cars S. Sleeping Cars
*Connects at Tientsin with the Peking-Mukden and through Siberian Service.

**Woosung to Shanghai—Up** / (Branch Line) / **Shanghai to Woosung—Down**

| | 31 | 33 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 41 | 43 | 45 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep. | 7.00 | 8.30 | 10.45 | 13.10 | 14.40 | 16.10 | 18.10 | 21.30 |
| KIANGWAN ..dep. | 7.27 | 8.47 | 11.12 | 13.37 | 15.07 | 16.37 | 18.37 | 21.57 |
| SHANGHAI NORTH ..arr. | 7.35 | 8.55 | 11.20 | 13.45 | 15.15 | 16.45 | 18.45 | 22.05 |

| | 32 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 44 | 46 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| SHANGHAI NORTH ..dep. | 6.20 | 7.40 | 10.05 | 12.15 | 14.00 | 15.20 | 17.25 | 19.45 |
| KIANGWAN ..dep. | 6.31 | 7.51 | 10.16 | 12.26 | 14.11 | 15.41 | 17.36 | 19.56 |
| WOOSUNG FORTS ..arr. | 6.55 | 8.15 | 10 40 | 12.50 | 14.35 | 16.05 | 18.00 | 20.20 |

LIGHT TYPE A.M. DARK TYPE P.M

## SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

### MAIN LINE.

**SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN"** / **ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"**

| STATIONS | 2 Local Mixed a.m. | 4 Fast a.m. | 6 Slow a.m. | 8 Coolie Goods a.m. | 10 Ex-Press p.m. | 12 Local Mixed p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shanghai South ..... dep. | | 8.00 | 8.55 | 10.15 | 3.30 | 4.20 |
| Sung Kiang ..... arr. | | 8.52 | 10.01 | 11.24 | 4.13 | 5.46 |
| Sung Kiang ..... dep. | | 8.55 | 10.06 | 11.40 | 4.15 | 5.56 |
| Ka Shai ..... | | 9.49 | 11.07 | 1.02 | 5.00 | 7.10 |
| Ka Shing ..... arr. | | 10.11 | 11.35 | 1.33 | 5.19 | 7.40 |
| Ka Shing ..... dep. | 7.30 | 10.19 | 11.45 | 1.46 | 5.29 | |
| Yeh Zah ..... arr. | 8.24 | 10.56 | 12.27 | 2.37 | 5.56 | |
| Yeh Zah ..... dep. | 8.40 | 10.58 | 12.31 | 2.52 | 5.58 | |
| Chang An ..... | 9.38 | 11.33 | 1.17 | 3.55 | 6.25 | |
| Hangchow ..... arr. | 11.18 | 12.28 | 2.30 | 5.32 | 7.09 | |
| Hangchow ..... dep. | 11.30 | 12.38 | 2.42 | 5.47 | 7.24 | |
| Zah Kou ..... arr. | 11 55 | 12.57 | 3.05 | 6.20 | 7.40 | |

| STATIONS | 1 Local Mixed a.m. | 3 Fast a.m. | 5 Slow a.m. | 7 Coolie Goods a.m. | 9 Ex-press p.m. | 11 Local Mixed p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zah Kou ..... dep. | | 7.20 | 8.20 | 9.25 | 2.25 | 3.50 |
| Hangchow ..... arr. | | 7.44 | 8.45 | 9.58 | 2.40 | 4.18 |
| Hangchow ..... dep. | | 7.55 | 8.55 | 10.13 | 2.50 | 4.25 |
| Chang An ..... | | 8.52 | 10.11 | 12.15 | 3.41 | 5.48 |
| Yeh Zah ..... arr. | | 9.25 | 10.54 | 1.15 | 4.06 | 6.37 |
| Yeh Zah ..... dep. | | 9.32 | 11.01 | 1.50 | 4.08 | 6.47 |
| Ka Shing ..... arr. | | 10.09 | 11.43 | 2.45 | 4.35 | 7.38 |
| Ka Shing ..... dep. | 7 40 | 10.12 | 11.55 | 3.01 | 4.41 | |
| Ka Shai ..... | 8.18 | 10.36 | 12.26 | 3.37 | 5.01 | |
| Sung Kiang ..... arr. | 9.33 | 11.29 | 1.26 | 4.48 | 5.44 | |
| Sung Kiang ..... dep. | 10.02 | 11.32 | 1.31 | 4.58 | 5.47 | |
| Shanghai South ... arr. | 11.22 | 12.25 | 2.38 | 6.07 | 6.30 | |

### KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE

**KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU** / **ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO**

| STATIONS | 14 a.m. | 16 a.m. | 18 a.m. | 20 p.m. | 22 p.m. | 24 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kon Zen Chiao ... dep. | 7.40 | 10.10 | 11.50 | 1.25 | 3.05 | 6.35 |
| Kon Shang Mun .. arr. | 7.53 | 10.23 | 12.08 | 1.38 | 3.18 | 6.48 |
| Kon Shang Mun .. dep. | 8.04 | 10.30 | 12.05 | 1.40 | 3.19 | 6.50 |
| Hangchow ..... arr. | 8.13 | 10.40 | 12.15 | 1.50 | 3.29 | 7.00 |
| Hangchow ..... dep. | 8.21 | | | | 3.40 | |
| Zah Kou ..... arr. | 8.46 | | | | 4.10 | |

| STATIONS | 13 a.m. | 15 a.m. | 17 a.m. | 19 p.m. | 21 p.m. | 23 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Zah Kou ..... dep. | 9.00 | | | | 5.10 | |
| Hangchow ..... arr. | 9.19 | | | | 5.33 | |
| Hangchow ..... dep. | 9.24 | 10.55 | 12.35 | 2.10 | 5.42 | 7.15 |
| Kon Shang Mun .. arr. | 9.34 | 11.05 | 12.45 | 2.20 | 5.52 | 7.25 |
| Kon Shang Mun .. dep. | 9.37 | 11.12 | 12.47 | 2.25 | 5.56 | 7.28 |
| Kon Zen Chiao ... arr. | 9.50 | 11.25 | 1.00 | 2.38 | 6.09 | 7.41 |

*Light Type A.M. Dark Type P.M.*

# Auctions

# Business and Official Notices

# Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

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**A. LANDAU & Co.**
(Swiss Establishment)
Auctioneers, Expert Valuers,
Salesrooms in
Nos. 134-135a Szechuen Road
Telephone 2653.

Personal attention given to house auctions.

A/c of sales rendered within 3 days of sales. Cash advances made on goods entrusted to our sales.

Terms on application.

---

**S. S. SHIMIZU**

SOLE IMPORTERS OF

**BEEF**

From Tsingtao.

Families, Hotels and Steamers supplied at very low rates.

K2270 Boone Road (corner of Miller Road).

Tel. 1936. 10132

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**The Great Northern Telegraph Co., Ltd., of Denmark.**

NOTICE.

Currency Charges on Telegrams.

Senders of telegrams are hereby notified that from the 1st of July, 1916, until further notice, the charges for telegrams will be collected at the rate of $0.39 to equal Fr. 1.00.

J. J. BAHNSON,
General Manager in China and Japan.
June 20th, 1916.

10154 J 20

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**Commercial Pacific Cable Co.**

NOTICE.

Currency Charges on Cablegrams.

SENDERS of cablegrams to America, etc., are hereby notified that from the 1st July, 1916, until further notice, charges will be collected at the rate of $0.39 Mexican, equal to Franc 1.00.

O. CREWE-READ,
Acting Superintendent.
Shanghai, 20th June, 1916.

10158 J 20

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**THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.**

2A, JINKEE ROAD

**CARS FOR HIRE**

Prompt Service Day and Night.

Telephone 3809.

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Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

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MAKE YOUR OFFICE COOLER

A Supply of "Elephant Head" Pilsener

Will Make Your Office Seem Cooler

"HIRANO" MINERAL WATER

Is Pure

**Garner, Quelch & Co.**

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**Kuling, Mokanshan**

Visitors at the above resorts, who are not already Subscribers to

**The China Press**

can obtain copies of the paper at

The Mission Book Co., Kuling, and Messrs. Yut Sae-chang, Mokanshan

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**Taiping Rubber Estate, Limited (1913).**

INTERIM DIVIDEND.

THE Directors of The Taiping Rubber Estate, Limited (1913), have declared an interim Dividend on the current year's working of 10% on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after the 28th June, 1916.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 23rd to the 27th June, 1916, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HOPKINS, DUNN & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.
Shanghai, 17th June, 1916.

10144 J-27

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**Consolidated Rubber Estates (1914), Limited**

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

AT a Meeting of the Directors held on June 15th, 1916, it was decided to declare an interim dividend at the rate of 20 per cent (which equals 15 Tael cents per share) on the Capital of the Company, payable on and after 3rd July, 1916, to shareholders on record at that date.

Notice is hereby given that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 26th June to 3rd July, 1916, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
**China Realty Company, Ltd.**
Secretaries & General Managers.

10124

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**Honigsberg's**

**"The Up-to-date Garage"**

have now installed on the premises a special department for making Cushion Covers, Tops, and Drivers' Uniforms.

*Estimates and Advice Free*

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**Unzen Hot Springs**

(NEAR NAGASAKI)

Best Summer Resort in the Far East.

**YUMEI HOTEL**

Charges moderate. Suitable for families.

A large and cool Dining Hall has been added.

This year being tenth anniversary of establishment of the Hotel, special consideration will be shown to visitors.

9904

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**TSINGTAU, NORTH CHINA**

The Finest Summer Resort in the Far East.

**Grand Strand Hotel**

(Formerly Strand Hotel),

**Grand Hotel, Grand Hotel Annex**

**Beautiful Sandy Beach, Splendid Sea Bathing, Golf, Tennis, Deep Sea Fishing.**

Excursions to Battle Fields, Good Roads, Lovely Scenery, Race Course and Golf Links adjoin Hotel (Hotel guests have the privilege of the Golf Links). Unexcelled Cuisine, Highest Comforts, Moderate Charges.

For all information, please apply to T. HERLIHY, Manager.

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**Just Landed:**

Superior Sheeting, 70, 80, 90 inches wide.
Bath and Face Towels, any size.
Huckaback and Honeycomb Towels.
Pure Linen Huck by the yard.
Bath Mats and Bath Gowns.
Superior Longcloth and Lawns.
Sanitary Cellular Cloth,
etc., etc., etc.

**HILL & CO.**

'Phone 2240
129 North Soochow Road
2 doors from General Hospital

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**SHANGHAI—HANGCHOW—NINGPO RAILWAY**

**Resumption of Full Train Service**

On and from Sunday, the 18th June, 1916, the full Train Service will be resumed according to the present Time Table, with the following exception:—

**No. 9 "Up" Express:**

| | | New timing. | Old timing. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Zah Kou | dep. | 14.25 | 15.10 |
| Hangchow | dep. | 14.50 | 15.36 |
| Kashing | dep. | 16.41 | 17.26 |
| Sungkiang | dep. | 17.47 | 18.32 |
| Shanghai South | arr. | 18.30 | 19.15 |

By Order,
J. D. READ,
Traffic Manager.
June 17th, 1961.

10142 J.21.

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**The Sungei Duri Rubber Estates, Limited**

AT a Meeting of Directors held on the 29th May, 1916, it was decided to declare an Interim Dividend at the rate of Fifty Tael Cents per share, to be paid on and after 20th June, 1916, to Shareholders on record on that date.

Notice is hereby given that the Share Register and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 12th to the 20th June, 1916, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
MEYER & MEASOR,
General Managers and Secretaries.

9918

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IF YOU WANT YOUR

**PROPERTY**

**LOOKED AFTER**

Your houses or other buildings rented, your rents collected and sent to you each month

**SEE**

**China Realty Co., Ltd.**

39 Nanking Road

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**KAHN Building Products**

TRUSSED CONCRETE STEEL CO

**Trussed Concrete Steel Co.**

**Concrete Engineers**

High-class materials for Modern Structures

**Consultation**
**Design**
**Supervision**

AMERICAN TRADING CO., Agents
53 SZECHUEN ROAD, SHANGHAI

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**MOKANSHAN**

**Transportation Notice**

**Through Train** Service—Shanghai and **Kon Tsen Chiao**—is re-opened. Trains leave Shanghai **South** station 8.00, 8.55 a.m., 3.30 p.m.

**Launch** Service—Kon Tsen Chiao to Sanjaopoo—**Tuesday, Thursday** and **Saturday,** connecting with **8.00 a.m. train** from Shanghai. Return alternate days.

**Fourteen Hours** between Shanghai and **Mountain Top.**

**Tickets** on sale at Shanghai South at $5.00, plus railroad fare.

Light luggage only taken on launch.

**Daily** launch service will be inaugurated as soon as demand warrants.

**Licensed Native House Boats** may be called at **Kon Tsen Chiao,** at fixed prices, through the agent of the Association who will meet all trains.

**N. B.**—This year a collector for the Association will collect all accounts on the mountain. **No Money** should be paid to boatmen, chairbearers, or luggage carriers. Sign chits in each case.

**Call only licensed boats** at Kon Tsen Chiao.

For the Association,
P. R. BAKEMAN, Secretary.

10159

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**For Sale**

As a Good Paying Concern,
Owner going home

**Tollefsen's Private Hotel**

18, 19 and 23, Chaoufoong Road
Established 1903

Containing Large Dining-room (newly done up and decorated), Drawing-room, Billiard-room and Refreshment room and 30 Bedrooms, all well furnished. Also one Ford Touring Car, as good as new.

Apply T. Tollefsen,
Proprietor.

10151 J. 25

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**RUSSIAN VOLUNTEER FLEET**

**Reduced Fares for Summer Months**

THE passenger tariff of the Russian Volunteer Fleet's First-class Express Steamers has been reduced to:—

**From Shanghai to Nagasaki.**

1 Class **$30.**—Return **$45.**
2 Class **$20.**—Return **$30.**

Splendid accommodation, extra large well aired cabins and excellent cuisine.

Steamers leave Shanghai every Friday afternoon, arriving at Nagasaki Sunday daylight.

Steamers leave Nagasaki every Monday evening, arriving at Shanghai Wednesday daylight.

For further information apply to:—
M. A. MORDUCOVITCH,
Agent, 1 The Bund.

9781

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**TRANSLATIONS**

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c-o 1-a, Peking Road, or P.D., 131, Haining Road opposite West End Lane.

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Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 9

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**APARTMENTS**

**WINDSOR HOUSE**

14-15, Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable Rooms with full board. Good table. Centrally situated facing the Gardens.

Telephone 3482 9408

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**8 and 11 Quinsan Gardens**

One flat with bathroom, facing the Quinsan Gardens; as well as two nice rooms facing South with bathrooms attached, suitable for a married couple.

10070

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**DAYLIGHT SAVING OFFICE HOURS:** Live nearer your business, by taking board and residence in a CENTRAL, quiet and COOL locality. Terms:—Double: $150.00; single $110.00. also $90.00. Apply to Box 439, THE CHINA PRESS.

10145 J 21

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TO LET, well-furnished room, with bathroom attached; also attic. Moderate terms. Apply Mrs. George Pearson, 17, Quinsan Gardens.

10134 J 20

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TO LET, two well-furnished rooms, with board, Western district. Apply to Box 427, THE CHINA PRESS.

10122 J 22

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CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 3 Minghong Road. Furnished room to let, facing south, with bathroom attached. With or without board. Central location. 'Phone 2650.

10110 J 21

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**SITUATIONS WANTED**

BRITISHER with thorough knowledge of documentary Chinese and Chinese advertisements wants work after office hours. Right man to introduce new specialities. Best references. Apply to Box 446, THE CHINA PRESS.

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DURING HER STAY abroad, lady leaving Shanghai recommends good cook for family in Hongkew. Bombay or English cookery. Apply to Box 444, THE CHINA PRESS.

10157 J 20

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A YOUNG Chinese, having good experience in business, bookkeeping, Customs and shipping work, typing and correspondence, desires engagement. Good recommendation. No objection to small Salary for a start. Apply to Henry, 23, Woosung Road.

10146 J 21

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YOUNG LADY seeks post as governess or house-keeper in family. Hotel or travel. Apply to Box 430, THE CHINA PRESS

10126 J 20

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YOUNG LADY, with considerable experience in stenography and general office work, is open for engagement from the 1st July. Please apply to Box 431, THE CHINA PRESS.

10127 J 23

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**HOUSES TO LET**

FURNISHED HOUSE, to let, near French Park, from July 10 to Sept. 10. Two bedrooms, tennis, etc. Apply to Box 443, THE CHINA PRESS.

10156 J 22

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BROADWAY TERRACE, 5-roomed houses in Broadway. Apply to 10, Yangtszepoo Road.

10111

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NO. 65 Route Vallon, near French Park; containing three rooms on ground-floor, four bedrooms, three tiled bathrooms with porcelain tubs, lavatories and flush closets, hot water installation, tiled kitchen and pantry, four servants' rooms, garden, tennis, etc. House will be decorated to suit tenants. Apply at No. 75 Route Vallon. Telephone, West 169, or China Realty Co., Ltd.

10080 J 30

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**SITUATIONS VACANT**

WANTED: An Interpreter CHINESE-ENGLISH; must be prepared to travel. State experience and Salary required. Apply to Box 445, THE CHINA PRESS.

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WANTED by an American firm in Tientsin, competent lady stenographer and typist. Knowledge of bookkeeping preferred. Apply, giving full particulars, to Box 441, THE CHINA PRESS.

10152 J 25

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WANTED: Competent, experienced stenographer, either sex: Apply by letter, giving references. Box 440, THE CHINA PRESS.

10147 J 21

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WANTED: Lady physician for hospital during present physician's furlough. Address, Dr. Robbins, Chinkiang.

10082 T.F.

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**EDUCATIONAL**

EXPERIENCED TEACHER of Mandarin Chinese has spare time for more pupils (morning and evening). Apply to Box 442, THE CHINA PRESS.

10155 J 25

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WANTED, violin teacher for two children (beginners). Apply to Box 438. THE CHINA PRESS.

10149 J 21

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ENGLISH LESSONS by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 436, THE CHINA PRESS.

10133 J 23

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**FINANCIAL**

WE CAN arrange loans from Tls. 1,000 to Tls. 1,000,000 on first-class real estate security. China Realty Company, Ltd.

9960 J 30

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**Exchange and Mart**

WANTED, Philippine band, for one week, commencing July 10th, 6 to 12 p.m. Apply to Box 433, THE CHINA PRESS.

10129 J 20

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WANTED, Cinema for one week, commencing July 10th, 6 to 12 p.m. Apply to Box 434, THE CHINA PRESS.

10129 J 20

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FOR SALE, newly renovated victoria. Price Taels 150. Apply to Box 428, THE CHINA PRESS.

10123 J 21

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FOR SALE, one 6-cylinder, high-speed, oil engine 75/85 h.p., quite new. For particulars, apply to Box 410, THE CHINA PRESS.

10084 J 20

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FOR SALE, two-seater, Hupp car, 7 horse-power, newly painted, in excellent condition. Will sell very cheap, owner leaving for home. Apply to Box 429, THE CHINA PRESS.

10125 J 20

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FOR SALE. 3-A Autographic Kodak, with carrying case. Almost new. $40. Apply to Box 413, THE CHINA PRESS.

10087 J 20

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FOR SALE: One or two genuine Coventry-made Premier motor-cycles, 3½ h.p., single or 3-speed gear; highly suitable for side-car work. Also a couple of second-hand machines. All at bargain prices. Apply to Box 324, THE CHINA PRESS.

10107 J T.F.